

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2015



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City of Winter Springs, Florida

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Year Ended September 30, 2015



Prepared by:

Finance and Administrative Services Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section contains the following subsections:

- Table of Contents
- Letter of Transmittal
- GFOA Certificate of Achievement
- List of Principal Officials
- Organizational Chart

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1126 EAST STATE ROAD 434 WINTER SPRINGS, FLORIDA 32708-2799 Telephone (407) 327-1800

March 17, 2016

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission and Citizens of the City of Winter Springs, Florida:

It is with great pleasure that we present to you the City of Winter Springs, Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. Florida Statutes, Chapter 166.241 and the rules of the Florida Auditor General, Chapter 10.550 require that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and that they be audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) by a firm of licensed Certified Public Accountants.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Winter Springs has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Winter Springs' financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefit, the City of Winter Springs' comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we assert that this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Winter Springs' financial statements have been audited by McDirmit, Davis & Company, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Winter Springs for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examination of evidence, on a test basis, supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessment of the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and an evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditor concluded that reasonable basis existed to render an unmodified opinion that the City of Winter Springs' financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The City of Winter Springs' Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Winter Springs, incorporated in 1959, is located in Seminole County, which is a part of the greater Orlando metropolitan area in East Central Florida. This area is one of the fastest growing areas in the country. The City currently has a land area of 14.81 square miles and a population of approximately 35,000.

The City operates according to a Council/Manager form of government, with an appointed City Manager, five elected City Commissioners and a separately elected Mayor. The Mayor and Commission are elected for four-year terms. The governing body is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's Manager, Clerk and Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing body, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government and for hiring the directors of the various departments.

The City of Winter Springs provides a full range of services, including police protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure; and recreational facilities, activities and cultural events. The City maintains both a Water and Sewer Utility Fund, a Stormwater Utility Fund, and a Development Services Fund, which function, in essence, as departments of the City of Winter Springs and therefore have been included as an integral part of the City of Winter Springs' financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Winter Springs' financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Winter Springs are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents the proposed budget to the City Commission for review on or before July 1. The City Commission is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund (e.g., General Fund), department (e.g., Police Department) and division (e.g., Criminal Investigation). The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the special approval of the City Commission. Original and final amended budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund. The General Fund, the Road Improvements Fund and the Solid Waste/Recycling Fund, are presented on pages 26-29 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. The TLBD Debt Service Fund budget-to-actual comparison is presented on page 81. The non-major governmental funds budget comparisons are presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report which starts on page 94.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Winter Springs operates.

Seminole County has adopted a one-cent local government infrastructure sales tax which will be in effect from January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2024. The intent of this legislation is to improve the infrastructure of the Seminole County public school system and other public infrastructure within the County and its municipalities. Per the interlocal agreement, 2.99% of net revenues are to be distributed to the City of Winter Springs. It is estimated that this distribution will be nearly \$2M for the fiscal year 2015-2016.

Approximately 89% of the City's tax base is comprised of residential properties with a small amount of retail office and light industrial developments. Per the DR 422 (Certificate of Final Taxable Value) and relative to the 2014-2015 fiscal year (tax year 2014), the gross taxable value reflects an increase of 6.6% from the prior year and an increase of 5.3% since fiscal year 2006. During fiscal year 2014-2015 (tax year 2014), through prudent fiscal management, the City was able to maintain operating and voted debt millage rates at 2.43 and 0.1100 mills, respectively. At the local level, revenues such as review and permit fees, investment income and state sales tax revenues have rebounded and are showing signs of sustainable growth.

New construction in Winter Springs is robust. The RiZe, an upscale apartment-living experience in the Town Center is nearly complete with leasing expected to begin in March of 2016. The Seven Oaks subdivision will add 138 new single-family homes. The Greens at Tuscawilla, Tuscany Place & Jesup's Landing are adding beautiful townhomes which should be completed by the end of 2016. In 2015, the City

permitted 18,000 square feet of commercial sites. Those in active development include Lakeside Assisted Living Facility and Big City Catering, a 19,000+ square foot banquet facility on scenic Lake Jesup. New single-family residential projects include Northern Oaks, Southern Oaks and Pollack Shores in the Town Center (multi-family). Plans for the Cross Seminole Trail link between Layer Elementary and Old Sanford-Oviedo Road and the Magnolia Park Amphitheater are underway. In November of 2014, Meritage Homes and Operation Home Front gifted Army National Guard Sergeant Keith Hale, his wife Tianna and three children with a mortgage-free home. All this and more contribute to the economic and cultural growth of the City.

Winter Springs boasts great neighborhood schools. For the 11th year in a row, Seminole County Public Schools remains an "A" –rated school district; for the 2013/14 school year, four out of five elementary and middle schools were "A" rated schools. Winter Springs is also home to Choices in Learning Charter School, Willow School, The Primrose School, and Irblich Holistic Preschool which provide diverse educational options. Nearby Seminole State College and University of Central Florida offer our community an affordable and excellent higher education choice.

Winter Springs continues its partnership with the UCF Business Incubation Program to foster the development of early-stage businesses in Central Florida. We have also partnered with Seminole County in the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) to build out neighborhood improvements at Shepard Road as part of the 17-92 Corridor Redevelopment Plan. Funding for the CRA relies on the annual tax revenue that is generated from the appreciation of property values above the established base level (1997).

Winter Springs continues to offer its citizens the highest quality services and community-minded events. Winter Springs has been host to the Central Florida Scottish Highland Games for the fourteenth consecutive year. The Oviedo-Winter Springs Chamber of Commerce offers a variety of art and music at the Town Center's ARTtoberFEST event. The city partners with a number of sport leagues and clubs such as Babe Ruth & Pop Warner contributing a variety of sports activities. We host a spring break and summer camp program offering affordable day camp options and host a number of holiday events including Father-Daughter Dance, Spring Family Festival, the Celebration of Freedom, Hometown Harvest, a salute to our veterans in the Veteran's Day Ceremony, and Winter Wonderland.

Winter Springs' finest have teamed up with the Oviedo Police Department to host events such as Cops & Kids and the Kids' House of Seminole Kickball Tournament which helps abused children. During the holiday season needy children from Winter Springs' families are invited to participate in our annual 'Shop with a Cop' festivities. Parks and Recreation has been busy with numerous park upgrades including new bleachers and shade structures at the Central Winds ball fields. Together with the Winter Springs Senior Association, a number of activities and outings are offered to our seniors such as yoga, ceramics and the very popular Touch of Class line dancing group. Highlighted here are some of what makes the City of Winter Springs a top choice for families.

Long-term financial planning. The City Commission updated and adopted a 5-year Capital Improvements Plan (CIP) in September 2014 for fiscal years 2015 through 2019. The CIP is a multi-year prioritized schedule of improvements that lists each capital improvement with the year of intended purchase/ commencement; annual expenditure; and method of financing. Each year the CIP is reviewed to ensure that all necessary capital improvements are incorporated into the budget process. It should be noted; however, that the CIP is not a static document but a flexible and dynamic one that may change to reflect changing priorities, opportunities, costs, or financing approach.

Relevant Financial Policies. In fiscal year 2014, the City had implemented GASB 67: Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and in fiscal year 2015, GASB 68: Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Major Initiatives. During fiscal year 2015, the City completed the third phase of implementation of its new ERP system and continued improvements in customer service and information reporting. Also many of our

park facilities have undergone improvements such as bleachers/shade structures, resurfaced basket ball courts and Civic Center upgrades which is a beautiful and affordable venue to host events. Presently, workshops are underway to update the Parks master plan. The Water and Sewer Utility Fund is in the process of bidding out a substantive water quality initiative with an approximate 2016 start date.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Winter Springs for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. This was the fifteenth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently-organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another fiscal year.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members the department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. Other City departments, although not extensively involved in year-end audit activities, contributed significantly by ensuring the accuracy and integrity of accounting information compiled throughout the year. Without their diligence, the work of the Finance Department would have been considerably more difficult. Appreciation must also be expressed to the City's auditors whose suggestions and attention to detail enhanced the quality of this report.

In closing, we would also like to express appreciation to the Mayor and the City Commission for their support and for maintaining high standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Winter Springs' finances.

Finance and Administrative Services Director

Respectfully submitted,

Kevin L. Smith

City Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Winter Springs Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2015

ELECTED OFFICIALS

MAYOR Charles Lacey DEPUTY MAYOR / COMMISSIONER Joanne M. Krebs COMMISSIONER Cade Resnick COMMISSIONER Pam Carroll Kevin Cannon **COMMISSIONER COMMISSIONER**

CITY MANAGER

Jean Hovey

Kevin L. Smith

CITY CLERK

Andrea Lorenzo-Luaces

LEGAL COUNSEL

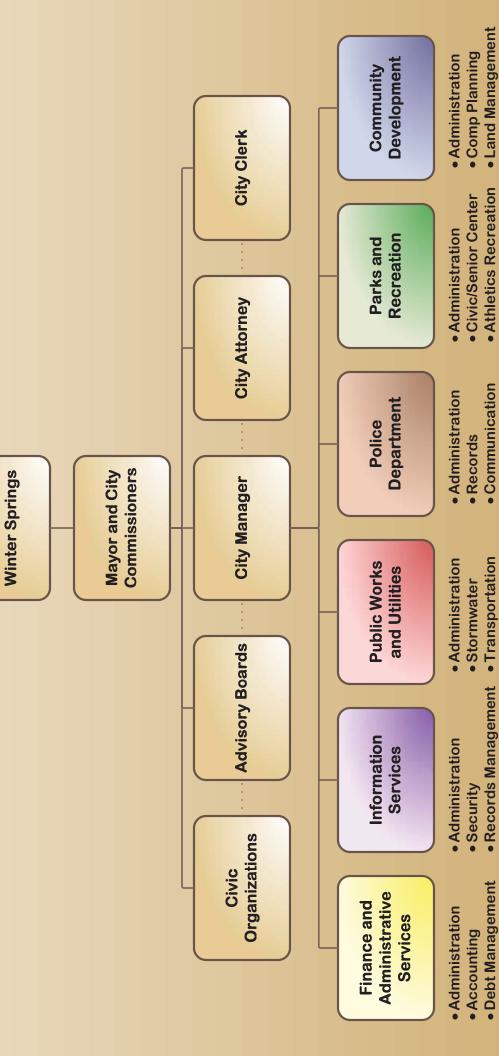
Anthony Garganese Garganese, Weiss & D'Agresta, P.A.

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	Randy Stevenson
FINANCE/ADMIN SERVICES	Shawn Boyle
INFORMATION SERVICES	Joanne Dalka
PARKS AND RECREATION	Chris Caldwell
POLICE CHIEF	Kevin Brunelle
UTILITY/PUBLIC WORKS	Kipton Lockcuff

City of Winter Springs Organizational Chart

Citizens of



Urban Beautification

Inspections

Permits and

Concession Services

Programs

Maintenance

Parks/Field

Code Enforcement

Investigations

 Water Management Water/Wastewater

 IT Development • IT Maintenance

Meter Service

Budgeting

Geographical

Information System

Risk management

Purchasing

Treasury Management

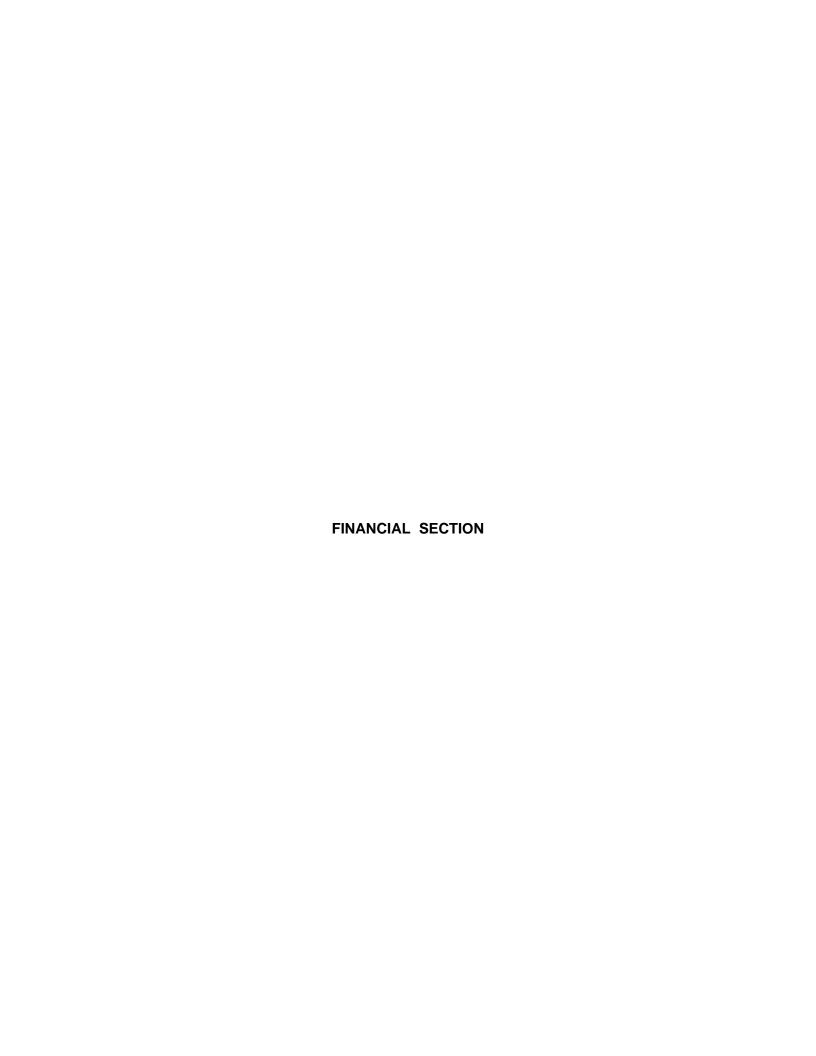
Transportation

Engineering

• Patrol

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Winter Springs, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Winter Springs*, *Florida*, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related noted to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

City of Winter Springs' management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Winter Springs, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund, road improvements special revenue fund, and solid waste/recycling special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2015, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension and other postemployment benefits disclosures on page 3 through 17, 81, and 77 through 80 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise *City of Winter Springs'* basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, statistical section and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 16, 2016 on our consideration of *City of Winter Springs*' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering *City of Winter Springs*' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McDismit Davis & Company LLC

As management of the City of Winter Springs we offer readers of the City of Winter Springs' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Winter Springs for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal which can be found on pages iv - vii of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Winter Springs exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$89,858,282 (net position). Of this amount, \$9,879,660 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As a result of the current year's activities, the government's total net position increased by \$7,058,190 or 7% from the prior year. The implementation of GASB 68 required a restatement of net position to reflect past net pension liability. The net effect of these items is an overall decrease of net position of \$6,402,969 as illustrated on the Changes in Net Position, page 9.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Winter Springs' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26,211,087. Approximately 31% of this total amount, \$8,033,347, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$8,162,587, or 52% of total general fund expenditures.
- As a result of current year's activities, the City of Winter Springs' total debt decreased by \$1,035,707 (3%). The implementation of GASB 68 requires the recognition of Net Pension Obligation including prior restatement of \$11,684,250 and current obligation of \$1.841.849 which is presented in Note 8.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements focus on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year or government-to-government) and enhance the City's accountability.

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Winter Springs' basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Winter Springs' finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City of Winter Springs' assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Winter Springs is improving or declining.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-wide financial statements. (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Winter Springs that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Winter Springs include general government, public safety, physical environment and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Winter Springs include a Water and Sewer Utility, Stormwater Utility and Development Services.

The government-wide financial statements include only the City of Winter Springs itself (known as the *primary government*). The City of Winter Springs had no component units. The Water and Sewer Utility, the Stormwater utility, and Development Services function as departments of the City of Winter Springs, and therefore, have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18-19 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Winter Springs, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Winter Springs can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds. (Continued)

The City of Winter Springs maintains 25 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Road Improvements Special Revenue Fund, Solid Waste/Recycling Special Revenue Fund, and TLBD Debt Service Fund all four of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 21 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds in provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Winter Springs adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General Fund, Road Improvements Special Revenue Fund, and Solid Waste/Recycling Special Revenue Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget on pages 26-29. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the TLBD Debt Service Fund, and the nonmajor funds on pages 81 and 94-114.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-25 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Winter Springs maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Winter Springs uses enterprise funds to account for the Water and Sewer Utility, Stormwater Utility and Development Services department.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Utility, Stormwater Utility, and Development Services.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-34 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-36 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 37-76 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI). RSI can be found on pages 77-80 of this report.

Other information. The budget schedules for the major debt service fund is on page 81 after the RSI. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented after this. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 82-114 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Winter Springs, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred outflows by \$89,858,282 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Of the City of Winter Springs' net position, \$67,075,902 or 74%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City of Winter Springs uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the City of Winter Springs' investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Net position subject to external restrictions as to how it may be used total \$12,902,720 (15%). The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$9,879,660 or 11%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At September 30, 2015, the City of Winter Springs is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. This was also the case at the close of the prior fiscal year.

The following table reflects the condensed *Statement of Net Position* for the current and prior year. For more detail see the *Statement of Net Position* on page 18.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

City of Winter Springs Statement of Net Position As of September 30

				pe Activities	Total Filliary	Government
_	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$30,499,313	\$26,892,907	\$17,756,460	\$13,657,526	\$48,255,773	\$40,550,433
Restricted assets	201,648	333,927	723,321	721,689	924,969	1,055,616
Capital assets	57,269,769	58,048,490	36,429,917	37,860,862	93,699,686	95,909,352
Total assets	87,970,730	85,275,324	54,909,698	52,240,077	142,880,428	137,515,401
Deferred Outflows of Resource	s					
Deferred charge on refunding deferred outflow of pension	\$ 84,824	\$ 92,576	\$ 483,897	\$ 568,817	\$ 568,721	\$ 661,393
earnings	1,315,500		281,283		1,596,783	
<u> </u>	1,400,324	92,576	765,180	568,817	2,165,504	661,393
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities	1,280,954	820,640	574,489	427,023	1,855,443	1,247,663
Long term liabilities	28,815,501	17,848,695	23,251,713	21,728,124	52,067,214	39,576,819
Other liabilities	199,935	333,414	675,372	757,647	875,307	1,091,061
Total liabilities	30,296,390	19,002,749	24,501,574	22,912,794	54,797,964	41,915,543
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflow of pension earnings	\$ 321,041	\$ -	\$ 68,645	\$ -	\$ 389,686	\$
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	45,649,805	45,826,335	21,426,097	21,541,230	67,075,902	67,367,565
Restricted	12,335,966	8,801,942	566,754	482,337	12,902,720	9,284,279
Unrestricted	767,852	11,736,874	9,111,808	7,872,533	9,879,660	19,609,407
Total net position	\$58,753,623	\$66,365,151	\$31,104,659	\$29,896,100	\$89,858,282	\$ 96,261,251

Statement of Changes in Net Position. The following table reflects the *Statement of Changes in Net Position* for the current and prior year. For more detailed information see the *Statement of Activities* on page 19.

As a result of the current year's activities, the government's total net position increased by \$7,058,190 or 7% from the prior year. The implementation of GASB 68 required a restatement of net position to reflect past net pension liability. The effect of this restatement resulted in an overall decrease of net position of \$6,402,969. The previous fiscal year, 2014, net position increased by \$2,062,479.

Governmental activities increased net position by \$3,530,692 in fiscal year 2015 compared to a decrease of \$164,708 in 2014. The 2015 increase in net position is primarily due to the increase in revenues received for ad valorem taxes, grant revenues, sales tax and revenue sharing, impact fees and increased reimbursement transfers to the general fund, and lastly a decrease in operating expenses.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

Statement of Changes in Net Position. (Continued)

Business-type activities increased net position by \$3,527,498 in fiscal year 2015 compared to an increase of \$2,227,187 in 2014. This is primarily the result of an increase in the Water Sewer Utility Fund charges for services resulting from a stronger housing/construction economy as new accounts have resulted from both new and existing residential properties as well as new accounts resulting from commercial construction of \$1,100,000; increase in tap fees also resulting from new construction of \$452,000; and an increase in building related services such as plans review and building permits directly linked to the recovery of the housing and construction market of \$1,100,000.

Following the *Changes in Net Position* table is a series of bar and pie charts that relay in pictorial form the revenues and expenses for each of the governmental and business-type activities as well as the revenue "source" for each.

Additional information regarding the changes in fund balance of the governmental and business-type activities can be found in the section entitled **Financial Analysis of Government's Funds** on page 12.

Note that the first graph depicts governmental program-specific revenues and expenses. For this graph the revenue does not include property taxes, utility taxes, business tax receipts, intergovernmental revenue, investment income or miscellaneous revenue. This chart is intended to show the amount of program expenses funded by *specific* program revenues.

Note that both the Water/Sewer and Development Services Funds show an increase in revenue in large part due to increased permitting activities and increased water and sewer consumption and tap fees both a result of economic recovery. Although the Stormwater fund revenues show modest increases, there were increases in expenses slightly ahead of revenues. The increase in expenses is mainly attributed to storm pond maintenance and more significantly however, the establishment of a reserve for uncollectible Stormwater fees.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

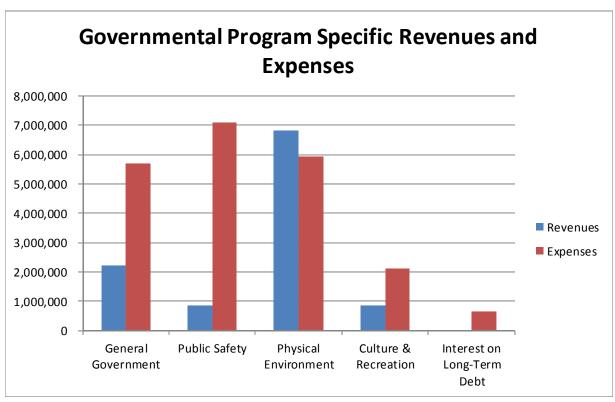
Statement of Changes in Net Position. (Continued)

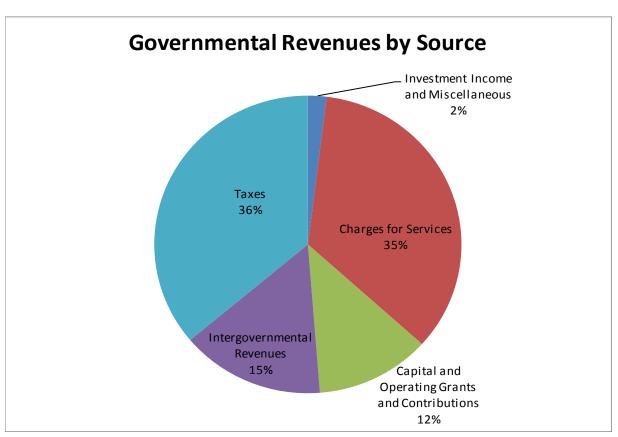
City of Winter Springs Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended September 30

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary	Government	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Revenues:		_		_		·	
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 7,973,016	\$ 6,469,268	\$12,637,111	\$11,158,094	\$ 20,610,127	\$17,627,362	
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	15,638 2,755,770	22,530 1,382,211	1,451,523	1,526,010	15,638 4,207,293	22,530 2,908,221	
General Revenues:	2,733,770	1,302,211	1,401,020	1,320,010	4,207,233	2,500,221	
Property taxes	4,283,909	4,014,680	_	_	4,283,909	4,014,680	
Utility taxes	3,887,124	4,034,667		_	3,887,124	4,014,060	
Business tax receipts	119,965	105,558	_	_	119,965	105,558	
Intergovernmental-	119,903	105,556	-	-	119,905	103,338	
unrestricted Investment income and	3,480,582	3,268,732	-	-	3,480,582	3,268,732	
miscellaneous	450,040	353,384	108,535	31,537	558,575	384,921	
Total revenues	22,966,044	19,651,030	14,197,169	12,715,641	37,163,213	32,366,671	
Expenses:							
General government	5,708,030	5,498,396	-	-	5,708,030	5,498,396	
Public safety	7,101,190	7,476,644	-	-	7,101,190	7,476,644	
Physical environment	5,924,305	5,873,522	-	-	5,924,305	5,873,522	
Culture and recreation Interest and other fiscal	2,108,563	2,170,169	-	-	2,108,563	2,170,169	
charges on long-term debt	657,143	781,732	-	-	657,143	781,732	
Water and sew er	-	-	6,942,598	6,944,763	6,942,598	6,944,763	
Development services	-	-	501,373	409,295	501,373	409,295	
Stormw ater			1,161,821	1,149,671	1,161,821	1,149,671	
Total expenses	21,499,231	21,800,463	8,605,792	8,503,729	30,105,023	30,304,192	
Increase (Decrease) In Net Position Before Transfers	1,466,813	(2,149,433)	5,591,377	4,211,912	7,058,190	2,062,479	
Transfers	2,063,879	1,984,725	(2,063,879)	(1,984,725)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Increase In Net Position	3,530,692	(164,708)	3,527,498	2,227,187	7,058,190	2,062,479	
Net Position- October 1	66,365,151	66,529,859	29,896,100	27,668,913	96,261,251	94,198,772	
Restatement of Net Position	(11,142,220)		(2,318,939)		(13,461,159)	-	
Net Position- September 30	\$58,753,623	\$66,365,151	\$31,104,659	\$29,896,100	\$ 89,858,282	\$96,261,251	

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

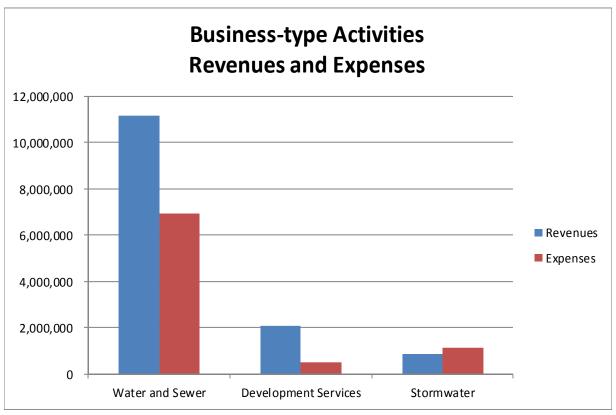
Statement of Changes in Net Position. (Continued)

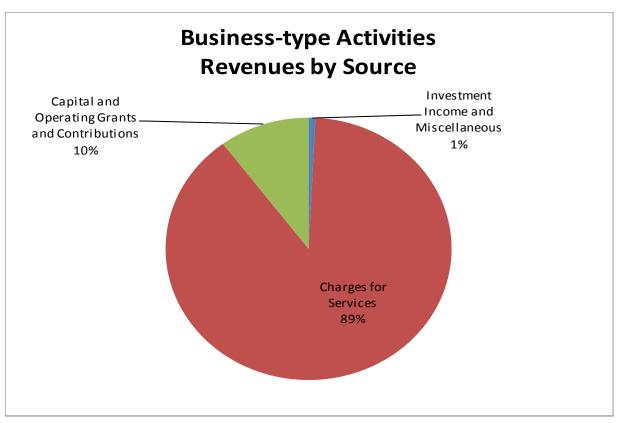




Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

Statement of Changes in Net Position. (Continued)





Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Winter Springs uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Winter Springs' *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Winter Springs' financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2015, the City of Winter Springs' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26,211,087, an increase of \$6,046,427 over the prior year. Approximately 31% or \$8,033,347 of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for such purposes as debt service, capital projects, inventories and prepaid costs.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Winter Springs. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,162,587, while total fund balance was \$8,495,781. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned and total fund balance represents 52 and 55% respectively, of total General Fund expenditures. The increase in fund balance of \$118 is a result of an overall favorable revenue variance and favorable expense variance in operating expenditures as highlighted on page 13.

The Road Improvements Fund balance increased \$1,926,886 as a result of the 3rd generation infrastructure tax revenues, the recognition of 2nd generation infrastructure deferred tax revenue and federal grant dollars received for a major road improvement project.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Winter Springs' proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Utility Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$7,679,397 and total net position increased \$2,743,974 to \$22,030,664. This increase is primarily due to an increase in tap fees as a result of new construction projects, and increase in demand as new housing and existing housing become occupied, a reduction of overhead expenses and an increase in tap fees for both new residential and commercial properties.

The Development Services Fund net position increased as a result of current year activities by \$1,218,426 to \$1,368,400 at the end of the fiscal year. This increase is a result of an increase in permitting fee revenues for new construction and remodels as the housing and construction market have improved.

The Stormwater Utility Fund net position decreased as a result of current fiscal year activities by \$434,902 to \$7,705,595 at the end of the fiscal year. This decrease is a result of slightly higher payroll and maintenance cost and the establishment of reserves accounts deemed potentially uncollectible.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original General Fund budget and the final amended General Fund budget resulted in \$3,763 more in appropriations from fund balance during the year from an appropriation from fund balance of \$432,744 in the original budget to appropriations from fund balance of \$436,507 in the final budget.

The actual results of General Fund for the year show an appropriation to fund balance of \$118 compared to a final budgeted appropriation from fund balance of \$436,507. The favorable variance of \$436,625 is comprised of a favorable revenue variance of \$12,604 and a favorable expenditure variance as set forth in the Departmental cost centers below:

Executive & Legislative	\$ 28,228
General Government	122,591
Finance & Admin Services	36,607
Information Services	17,881
Community Development	63,983
Police	63,312
Fire (Pension Only)	592
Public Works	55,186
Parks & Recreation	35,641
Total	\$ 424,021

This favorable variance is represented by the following expenditure categories as both amounts and percentage of budget:

Payroll	\$ 131,902	1.2%
Transfers	120,000	4.6%
Other Operating	99,782	2.4%
Capital	72,344	9.5%

The capital variance results from fiscal year-end transactions which due to timing issues were not capitalized until early FY2016.

The comparison of budgeted results to actual results for the General Fund is shown on pages 26-27.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Winter Springs' investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2015, amounts to \$93,699,686 (net of accumulated depreciation), for a decrease of \$2,209,666 over the prior year. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, intangibles, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total decrease in the City of Winter Springs' investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 2.3% (a 1.34% decrease for governmental activities, and a 3.78% increase for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The completion and capitalization of the following projects:
 - Road reconstruction and resurfacing totaling almost \$461,000;
 - o The purchase of new vehicles for the Police Department at a cost of almost \$337,000;
 - Water system pipe relining at a cost of almost \$192,000;
 - Customer Service Customer Redesign for the Utility Billing Department at a cost of almost \$62,000;
 - Lift Station upgrade at a cost of almost \$25,000;
 - Howell Creek & Northern Way Bridge at a cost of almost \$68,000;
 - Sidewalk completions at a cost of almost \$39,000;
 - Landscape Enhancements for TLBD medians 21 & 23 at a cost of almost \$24,000;
 - o Communication Center Upgrade at a cost of almost \$105,000;
 - Central Winds Park Bleacher and Structure expansion at a cost of almost \$125,000;
 - Homeland Camera/Security at a cost of almost \$84.000:
 - EOC Renovations at a cost of almost \$30,000.
- The capitalization of donated assets as a result of new residential and commercial building projects including:
 - Additions to water/sewer system infrastructure at a value of almost \$32,000.
- Continued construction on the following projects:
 - Realignment of Market Square at a cost of almost \$1,059,000 (almost \$132,000 spent in prior years);
 - Customer Service initiative to include upgrade software at a cost of almost \$412,000 (almost \$332,000 spent in prior years);
 - WTP#1 Water Quality Improvements at a cost of almost \$142,000;
 - Magnolia Park Amphitheatre Design at a cost of almost \$159,000 (almost \$153,000 spent in prior years);
 - Tuscora Drive Deceleration Lane at a cost of almost \$89,000 (almost \$84,000 spent in prior years);
 - Design of streetscape improvements along Hwy17-92 and SR434 at a cost of \$25,000 (almost \$16,000 spent in prior years);
 - City Wayfinding Program at a cost of almost \$17,000 (almost \$9,000 spent in prior years).

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

Capital assets. (Continued)

Additional information on the City of Winter Springs' capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 56-58 of this report.

City of Winter Springs Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) As of September 30

Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government	
2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
9,946,795 \$ 9	9,946,795 \$	7,170,177	\$ 7,170,177	\$17,116,972	\$17,116,972
5,881,365	7,276,050	204,730	163,138	7,086,095	7,439,188
6,865,483	6,992,645	27,886,706	29,695,026	34,752,189	36,687,671
,489,391	1,367,719	774,506	552,489	2,263,897	1,920,208
94,926	182,182	56,600	84,278	151,526	266,460
),052,383 3 ⁻	1,310,749	-	-	30,052,383	31,310,749
,939,426	972,350	337,198	195,754	2,276,624	1,168,104
7,269,769 \$58	3,048,490 \$	36,429,917	\$ 37,860,862	\$93,699,686	\$95,909,352
	,946,795 \$ 9 ,881,365 ,865,483 ,489,391 94,926 ,052,383 ,939,426	\$,946,795 \$ 9,946,795 \$ 8,881,365 7,276,050 \$ 8,865,483 6,992,645 ,489,391 1,367,719 94,926 182,182 0,052,383 31,310,749 939,426 972,350	3,946,795 \$ 9,946,795 4,881,365 7,276,050 5,885,483 6,992,645 5,489,391 1,367,719 774,506 94,926 182,182 56,600 7,052,383 31,310,749 939,426 972,350 337,198	3,946,795 \$ 9,946,795 \$ 7,170,177 \$ 7,170,177 3,881,365 7,276,050 204,730 163,138 3,865,483 6,992,645 27,886,706 29,695,026 3,489,391 1,367,719 774,506 552,489 94,926 182,182 56,600 84,278 3,052,383 31,310,749 - - 3,939,426 972,350 337,198 195,754	0,946,795 \$ 9,946,795 \$ 7,170,177 \$ 7,170,177 \$ 17,116,972 0,881,365 7,276,050 204,730 163,138 7,086,095 0,865,483 6,992,645 27,886,706 29,695,026 34,752,189 0,489,391 1,367,719 774,506 552,489 2,263,897 94,926 182,182 56,600 84,278 151,526 0,052,383 31,310,749 - - 30,052,383 ,939,426 972,350 337,198 195,754 2,276,624

Long-term debt. At September 30, 2015, the City of Winter Springs had total debt outstanding of \$37,155,867, a decrease of \$1,053,786 from \$38,209,653 at September 30, 2014. Total *bonded* debt of the City at the end of the current fiscal year was \$9,168,161. This amount does not include accreted interest of \$9,947,549.

The City of Winter Springs' bonded debt represents bonds and notes secured solely by specified revenue sources.

There are no limitations placed on the amount of debt the City may issue either by the City's charter, code of ordinances or by the Florida State Statutes.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

Long-term debt. (Continued)

Additional information on the City of Winter Springs' long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 58-63 of this report.

City of Winter Springs Long Term Debt As of September 30

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1999	\$ 3,498,970	\$ 3,498,970	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,498,970	\$ 3,498,970
Water & Sew er Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2000	-	-	5,669,191	5,669,191	5,669,191	5,669,191
Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2006	58,983	87,333	-	-	58,983	87,333
Revenue Refunding Note Series 2011	861,486	1,043,285	-	-	861,486	1,043,285
Special Assessment Revenue Notes, Series 2011	1,575,186	1,657,310			1,575,186	1,657,310
Limited General Obligation Note, Series 2012	2,425,161	2,533,833			2,425,161	2,533,833
Improvement Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2014	3,285,000	3,494,000	-	-	3,285,000	3,494,000
Revenue Refunding Note Series 2011A	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	4,997,008	5,900,689	4,997,008	5,900,689
Revenue Refunding Note Series 2011B	-	-	553,001	641,179	553,001	641,179
Revenue Refunding Note Series 2011C	-	-	2,715,852	3,058,761	2,715,852	3,058,761
State Revolving Fund Loan	-	-	1,568,480	1,635,498	1,568,480	1,635,498
Accreted Interest Payable	4,886,871	4,432,678	5,060,678	4,556,926	9,947,549	8,989,604
Total	\$16,591,657	\$16,747,409	\$20,564,210	\$21,462,244	\$37,155,867	\$38,209,653

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Winter Springs is primarily a residential community in Seminole County serving almost 35,000 residents. Located in Central Florida, it is just 15 miles north of the City of Orlando, one of Florida's largest metropolitan statistical areas.

Through conservative fiscal policies and aggressive budget oversight, the City Manager and City Commission have maintained the operating and voted debt millage rates at 2.4300 and 0.1100, respectively since fiscal year 2013. The gross property taxable values in Winter Springs increased in FY 2015 by 6.6% and 5.7% in FY 2016 as certified by the Seminole County Property Appraiser (DR422). In May of 2014, a countywide precinct referendum resulted in an additional 1% local government infrastructure sales surtax which will largely be utilized for transportation-related infrastructure improvements. The surtax is expected to result in \$1.9 million in additional revenues which in almost a 70% increase over FY15.

The General Fund's FY 2016 adopted expenditure budget of \$17,237,546 (inclusive of transfers) showed a slight increase of less than 1% from the previous year. Additionally, fiscal year 2016 was balanced without the need to appropriate from fund balance.

The total combined expenditure budget of \$42,628,390 (inclusive of transfers) is \$2,757,781 or 6.9% greater than the adopted budget of FY 2015. This increase results from a \$2.2M increase in the capital budget which can be attributed to water quality initiatives in the Water and Sewer Fund.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Winter Springs' finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance and Administrative Services Director, 1126 East State Road 434, Winter Springs, Florida, 32708. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is also available at the City of Winter Springs' website located at www.winterspringsfl.org.











STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities		Βι	isiness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,794,422	\$	1,653,157	\$	4,447,579
Investments		23,778,183		15,530,508		39,308,691
Receivables, net		1,684,856		554,357		2,239,213
Inventories - at cost		6,715		18,438		25,153
Prepaid Costs		183,068		-		183,068
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		201,648				201,648
Investments		-		723,321		723,321
Receivables, long-term		2,052,069		-		2,052,069
Capital Assets		44 000 004		7 507 075		40 000 500
Capital assets not being depreciated		11,886,221		7,507,375		19,393,596
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated		45.000.540		00 000 540		74 000 000
depreciation		45,383,548		28,922,542		74,306,090
Total Assets		87,970,730		54,909,698		142,880,428
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Charge on Refunding		84,824		483,897		568,721
Deferred Outflow of Pension Earnings		1,315,500		281,283		1,596,783
		1,400,324		765,180		2,165,504
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		1,128,032		447,247		1,575,279
Due to Other Governments		81,293		23,567		104,860
Accrued Interest Payable		71,629		103,675		175,304
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets		199,935		675,372		875,307
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Due within one year		1,365,859		1,483,526		2,849,385
Due in more than one year		27,449,642		21,768,187		49,217,829
Total Liabilities		30,296,390		24,501,574		54,797,964
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows of Pension Earnings		321,041		68,645		389,686
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		45,649,805		21,426,097		67,075,902
Restricted for:		10,010,000		21,120,007		07,070,002
Capital projects		4,783,981		_		4,783,981
Debt service		1,379,807		6,375		1,386,182
Renewal and replacement		-		560,379		560,379
Physical environment		6,079,435		-		6,079,435
Public safety		92,743		_		92,743
Unrestricted		767,852		9,111,808		9,879,660
Total Net Position	\$	58,753,623	\$	31,104,659	\$	89,858,282
. 210		30,. 00,020	<u> </u>	3.,.01,000	<u> </u>	30,000,202



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

						Net (Expense) Re	evenue and Change	es in Net Position
		Program Revenue			Primary Government			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contribution		apital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary Government								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 5,708,030	\$ 2,218,255	\$	- \$	-	\$ (3,489,775)	\$ -	\$ (3,489,775)
Public safety	7,101,190	730,930	7,63	8	127,290	(6,235,332)	-	(6,235,332)
Physical environment	5,924,305	4,177,369	8,00	0	2,628,480	889,544	-	889,544
Culture and recreation	2,108,563	846,462		-	-	(1,262,101)	-	(1,262,101)
Interest on long-term debt	657,143			<u>-</u>	-	(657,143)		(657,143)
Total governmental activities	21,499,231	7,973,016	15,63	8	2,755,770	(10,754,807)	-	(10,754,807)
Business-type activities:								
Water and sewer	6,942,598	9,691,389		-	1,451,523	-	4,200,314	4,200,314
Development services	501,373	2,074,294		-	-	-	1,572,921	1,572,921
Stormwater	1,161,821	871,428		<u>-</u>	-		(290,393)	(290,393)
Total business-type activities	8,605,792	12,637,111		-	1,451,523		5,482,842	5,482,842
Total primary government	\$ 30,105,023	\$ 20,610,127	\$ 15,63	8 \$	4,207,293	(10,754,807)	5,482,842	(5,271,965)
	General Revenues	S:						
	Property taxes	3				4,283,909	-	4,283,909
	Utility taxes					3,887,124	-	3,887,124
	Business tax ı	receipts				119,965	-	119,965
	Intergovernme	ental-unrestricted				3,480,582	-	3,480,582
		come and miscellar	neous			423,735	108,535	532,270
	Gain on Sale of A	sset				26,305	-	26,305
	Transfers					2,063,879	(2,063,879)	
	-	al revenues and tra	nsfers			14,285,499	(1,955,344)	12,330,155
	-	n net position				3,530,692	3,527,498	7,058,190
	Net Position - beg	•				55,222,931	27,577,161	82,800,092
	Net Position - end	ing				\$ 58,753,623	\$ 31,104,659	\$ 89,858,282





BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2015

			Special Revenue			
	General Fund		Road Improvements Fund		Was	Solid te/Recycling
Assets:	\$	440.400	Φ	400.000	Ф	4.40.000
Cash and cash equivalents	Ф	449,126	\$	189,033	\$	149,333
Investments		8,311,896		2,426,552		1,916,937
Receivables, net		22,212		1,500,760		161,884
Inventories, at cost		6,715		-		-
Prepaids		180,099		-		-
Special assessments receivable Advances to other funds		146 200		-		-
Restricted assets:		146,380		-		-
Cash and cash equivalents		199,935		-		-
Total assets	\$	9,316,363	\$	4,116,345	\$	2,228,154
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Accounts payable	\$	205,844	\$	240,583	\$	204,172
Accrued liabilities		333,510		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Due to other governments		81,293		-		-
Payable from restricted assets		199,935		_		
Total liabilities		820,582		240,583		204,172
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue-county taxes		-		1,028,545		-
Unavailable revenue-special assessments						
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		1,028,545		-
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		333,194		-		-
Restricted		-		2,847,217		-
Committed		-		-		782,335
Assigned		-		-		1,241,647
Unassigned		8,162,587				
Total fund balances		8,495,781		2,847,217		2,023,982
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	9,316,363	\$	4,116,345	\$	2,228,154

De	ebt Service				
		Other			Total
Т	LBD Debt	Governme	ntal	Gov	ernmental
	Service	<u>Funds</u>			Funds
\$	112,977	\$ 1,893,	953	\$	2,794,422
	77,689	11,045,		:	23,778,183
	-		-		1,684,856
	-		-		6,715
	-		969		183,068
	1,515,186	536,	883		2,052,069
	-		-		146,380
	-	1,	713		201,648
\$	1,705,852	\$ 13,480,	627	\$:	30,847,341
\$	707	\$ 143,	216	\$	794,522
	-		-		333,510
	-	146,	380		146,380
	-		-		81,293
	-		-		199,935
	707	289,	596		1,555,640
	-	500	-		1,028,545
	1,515,186	536,			2,052,069
	1,515,186	536,	883		3,080,614
	-	2,	969		336,163
	189,959	8,267,			11,304,452
	-	249,			1,031,528
	-	4,263,			5,505,597
		(129,			8,033,347
	189,959	12,654,	148		26,211,087
\$	1,705,852	\$ 13,480,	627	\$:	30,847,341



RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2015

Total Fund Balance, governmental funds	\$ 26,211,087
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	57,269,769
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	3,080,614
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension earnings are not recognized in the governmental funds, however, they are recorded in net position under full accrual accounting	994,459
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(17,658,910)
Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds	(11,143,396)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 58,753,623

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special Revenue			
		Road			
		Improvements	Solid		
	General Fund	Fund	Waste/Recycling		
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 4,098,382	\$ -	\$ -		
Utility taxes	3,887,124	-	-		
Business tax receipts	119,965	-	-		
Permits and fees	2,024,048	-	44,556		
Intergovernmental revenues	3,557,573	4,518,866	62,828		
Charges for services	735,812	-	2,479,626		
Fines and forfeitures	104,599	-	-		
Impact fees/assessments	-	-	-		
Investment income	71,425	6,017	15,121		
Miscellaneous	202,116	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total revenues	14,801,044	4,524,883	2,602,131		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	5,040,622	-	-		
Public safety	7,067,669	-	-		
Physical environment	988,544	23,208	2,510,337		
Culture and recreation	1,784,160	, -	-		
Debt Service:	, - ,				
Principal	_	_	_		
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_		
Capital Outlay:					
General government	115,416	_	_		
Public safety	371,010	_	_		
Physical environment	-	1,266,042	_		
Culture and recreation	202,080	1,200,042	_		
Total expenditures	15,569,501	1,289,250	2,510,337		
	10,000,001		2,010,001		
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over Expenditures	(768,457)	3,235,633	91,794		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	3,251,284	-	-		
Transfers out	(2,482,709)	(1,308,747)	(800,825)		
Total other financing sources(uses)	768,575	(1,308,747)	(800,825)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	118	1,926,886	(709,031)		
Fund Balances - beginning	8,495,663	920,331	2,733,013		
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 8,495,781	\$ 2,847,217	\$ 2,023,982		

Debt Service				
TLBD Debt Service	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Tota Governm Fund	ental
				<u>.</u>
\$ -	\$	185,527	\$ 4,283	3,909
Ψ -	Ψ	100,021		7,124
_		_		9,965
_		2,883		1,487
_		587,612		5,879
-		15,286		0,724
-		63,215		7,814
82,124		2,544,920	2,627	7,044
53,780		79,411	225	5,754
4,365		18,936	225	5,417
140,269		3,497,790	25,566	5,117
_		10,831	5.05	1,453
-		83,705		1,374
4,199		699,059	•	5,347
-		, -		4,160
82,124		527,818	609	9,942
52,528		139,509	192	2,037
		445.070	000	704
-		115,378		0,794
27 202		35,778 344,587		6,788
37,393		83,442		3,022 5,522
176,244		2,040,107	21,585	
170,244		2,040,107	21,500	J, 4 33
(35,975)		1,457,683	3,980	0,678
-		3,791,456	7,042	2,740
(500)		(384,210)		5,991)
(500)		3,407,246	2,065	
(36,475)		4,864,929	6,046	
226,434		7,789,219	20,164	4,660
\$ 189,959	\$	12,654,148	\$ 26,21	1,087



RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net Change in Fund Balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 6,046,427
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current	
period	(775,720)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and disposals) is to decrease net position	(1,131)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items	609,942
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds	9,880
Special assessment revenue reported in the funds must be eliminated from the statement of activities since revenue was recognized in a prior year	(2,608,822)
Cash pension contributions reported in the funds were more than the calculated pension expense on the statement of activities, and therefore increased net position	696,251
Transfers of capital assets to proprietary funds	(1,870)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in	
governmental funds.	(444,265)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,530,692

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Budgeted	Amounts	Amounts	(Negative)		
	Original	Final				
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property Taxes	\$ 4,087,436	\$ 4,087,436	\$ 4,098,382	\$ 10,946		
Utility taxes	3,945,000	4,045,000	3,887,124	(157,876)		
Business tax receipts	120,000	120,000	119,965	(35)		
	8,152,436	8,252,436	8,105,471	(146,965)		
Permits and fees:						
Permits	25,000	25,000	44,366	19,366		
Franchise fees	1,847,500	1,957,500	1,979,682	22,182		
	1,872,500	1,982,500	2,024,048	41,548		
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Sales tax	2,142,000	2,182,000	2,248,829	66,829		
State revenue sharing	1,033,000	1,033,000	1,127,954	94,954		
Other state shared revenue	34,000	34,000	35,971	1,971		
Other county shared revenue	5,000	84,805	41,805	(43,000)		
Federal grants		103,416	103,014	(402)		
	3,214,000	3,437,221	3,557,573	120,352		
Charges for services:						
Program activity fees	207,500	246,280	237,297	(8,983)		
Rental and other	393,586	462,719	498,515	35,796		
	601,086	708,999	735,812	26,813		
Fines and forfeitures	100,000	100,000	104,599	4,599		
Investment income	45,000	45,000	71,425	26,425		
Miscellaneous	84,002	247,328	202,116	(45,212)		
Total revenues	14,069,024	14,773,484	14,801,044	27,560		

			Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Budgeted		Amounts	(Negative)
	Original	Final		
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government:				
Executive	\$ 709,747	\$ 633,305	\$ 605,077	\$ 28,228
General government	700,891	391,314	388,723	2,591
Finance and administrative services	1,899,755	1,917,350	1,880,743	36,607
Information services	968,788	911,845	893,964	17,881
Community development	1,540,263	1,451,514	1,387,531	63,983
	5,819,444	5,305,328	5,156,038	149,290
Public Safety:				
Police	7,057,197	7,435,983	7,372,671	63,312
Fire	87,600	66,600	66,008	592
	7,144,797	7,502,583	7,438,679	63,904
Physical environment:				
Public works	1,128,427	1,043,730	988,544	55,186
Culture and recreation:				
Parks and recreation	1,831,906	2,021,881	1,986,240	35,641
Total expenditures	15,924,574	15,873,522	15,569,501	304,021
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	(1,855,550)	(1,100,038)	(768,457)	331,581
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Capital Leases	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	2,662,206	3,266,240	3,251,284	(14,956)
Transfers out	(1,239,400)	(2,602,709)	(2,482,709)	120,000
Net other financing sources	1,422,806	663,531	768,575	105,044
Net Change in Fund Balances	(432,744)	(436,507)	118	436,625
Fund Balances - Beginning	8,495,663	8,495,663	8,495,663	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 8,062,919	\$ 8,059,156	\$ 8,495,781	\$ 436,625

ROAD IMPROVEMENTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 3,208,825	\$ 5,323,092	\$ 4,518,866	\$ (804,226)
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Investment income	9,300	9,300	6,017	(3,283)
Miscellaneous				
Total revenues	3,218,125	5,332,392	4,524,883	(807,509)
Expenditures: Current:				
Physical environment	45,000	45,000	23,208	21,792
Capital Outlay				
Physical environment	2,090,000	2,378,743	1,266,042	1,112,701
Total expenditures	2,135,000	2,423,743	1,289,250	1,134,493
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,083,125	2,908,649	3,235,633	326,984
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(300,000)	(1,308,747)	(1,308,747)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(300,000)	(1,308,747)	(1,308,747)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	783,125	1,599,902	1,926,886	326,984
Fund Balances - beginning Fund Balances - ending	920,331 \$ 1,703,456	920,331 \$ 2,520,233	920,331 \$ 2,847,217	\$ 326,984

SOLID WASTE/RECYCLING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

					• • •	Final	ance with I Budget -
	Buc	Igeted Am	ounts		Actual Amounts		ositive egative)
	Origina		Final		_		<u> </u>
Revenues:							
Permits and fees	\$ 95,	000 \$	45,000	\$	44,556	\$	(444)
Intergovernmental revenues	92,	000	92,000		62,828		(29,172)
Charges for services	2,337,	500	2,337,500		2,479,626		142,126
Investment income	12,	750	12,750		15,121		2,371
Total revenues	2,537,	250	2,487,250		2,602,131		114,881
Expenditures: Current:							
Physical environment	2,514,	500	2,558,500		2,510,337		48,163
Total expenditures	2,514,	500	2,558,500		2,510,337		48,163
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
Expenditures	22,	750	(71,250)		91,794		163,044
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out	(209,	314)	(808,523)		(800,825)		7,698
Total other financing sources (uses)	(209,	314)	(808,523)		(800,825)		7,698
Net Change in Fund Balances	(186,	564)	(879,773)		(709,031)		170,742
Fund Balances - beginning	2,733,	013	2,733,013		2,733,013		-
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 2,546,	449 \$	1,853,240	\$	2,023,982	\$	170,742

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water and Sewer Utility	ater and				
	Fund	Services Fund	Stormwater Utility Fund	Total		
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,055,019	\$ 108,371	\$ 46,724	\$ 1,210,114		
Investments	13,540,888	1,389,837	599,783	15,530,508		
Receivables, net	513,776	-	40,581	554,357		
Inventories	18,438	-	-	18,438		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	443,043	-	-	443,043		
Total current assets	15,571,164	1,498,208	687,088	17,756,460		
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted investments	723,321	-	-	723,321		
Capital Assets:						
Land, buildings and equipment	61,015,420	160,092	12,505,532	73,681,044		
Construction in Progress	269,001	-	68,197	337,198		
Less Accumulated depreciation	(32,496,088)	(126,167)	(4,966,070)	(37,588,325)		
Total capital assets (net of accumulated						
depreciation)	28,788,333	33,925	7,607,659	36,429,917		
Total noncurrent assets	29,511,654	33,925	7,607,659	37,153,238		
Total assets	45,082,818	1,532,133	8,294,747	54,909,698		
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred charge on refunding	483,897	-	-	483,897		
Deferred outflow pension earnings	209,880	7,222	64,181	281,283		
Total deferred outflows of resources	693,777	7,222	64,181	765,180		

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water and Sewer Utility Fund	Development Services Fund	Stormwater Utility Fund	Total			
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	299,938	47,701	26,647	374,286			
Accrued liabilities	48,720	8,778	15,463	72,961			
Compensated absences - current	28,504	2,713	5,610	36,827			
Customer deposits payable	675,372	-	-	675,372			
Due to other governments	-	23,567	-	23,567			
Notes payable - current	1,446,699	-	-	1,446,699			
Accrued interest payable	103,675			103,675			
Total current liabilities	2,602,908	82,759	47,720	2,733,387			
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Notes payable	8,387,642	-	-	8,387,642			
Revenue bonds payable	5,653,376	-	-	5,653,376			
Accreted interest payable	5,060,678	-	-	5,060,678			
Compensated absences	114,015	10,850	22,441	147,306			
Other noncurrent liabilities	98,229	14,411	23,842	136,482			
Net pension liability	1,777,863	61,173	543,667	2,382,703			
Total noncurrent liabilities	21,091,803	86,434	589,950	21,768,187			
Total liabilities	23,694,711	169,193	637,670	24,501,574			
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred inflow pension earnings	51,220	1,762	15,663	68,645			
Total deferred outflows of resources	51,220	1,762	15,663	68,645			
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	13,784,513	33,925	7,607,659	21,426,097			
Restricted for debt service	6,375	-	· · · · -	6,375			
Restricted for renewal and replacement	560,379	-	-	560,379			
Unrestricted	7,679,397	1,334,475	97,936	9,111,808			
Total net position	\$ 22,030,664	\$ 1,368,400	\$ 7,705,595	\$ 31,104,659			



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		er and Sewer Itility Fund			Stormwater Utility Fund		Total	
Operating Revenues:		_						
User charges	\$	9,691,389	\$	2,073,494	\$	856,993	\$	12,621,876
Other revenue				800		14,435		15,235
Total operating revenues		9,691,389		2,074,294		871,428		12,637,111
Operating Expenses:								
Salaries and benefits		1,809,311		291,834		523,794		2,624,939
Materials and supplies		963,213		3,061		249,689		1,215,963
Depreciation and amortization		2,004,919		15,900		360,082		2,380,901
Other operating expenses		1,162,760		190,578		28,256		1,381,594
Total Operating Expenses		5,940,203		501,373		1,161,821		7,603,397
Operating income (loss)		3,751,186		1,572,921		(290,393)		5,033,714
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):								
Investment income		71,921		5,405		5,116		82,442
Interest expense		(498,643)		-		-		(498,643)
Accreted interest expense		(503,752)		-		-		(503,752)
Proceeds from auction and insurance		4,418		-		21,675		26,093
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		(926,056)		5,405		26,791		(893,860)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		2,825,130		1,578,326		(263,602)		4,139,854
Capital Contributions:								
Connection fees		1,420,443		-		-		1,420,443
Capital contribution		32,950		-		-		32,950
Transfers In		23,833		-		-		23,833
Transfers Out		(1,558,382)		(359,900)		(171,300)		(2,089,582)
Change in net position		2,743,974		1,218,426		(434,902)		3,527,498
Total Net Position - beginning		21,016,975		209,510		8,669,615		29,896,100
Prior Period Adjustment		(1,730,285)		(59,536)		(529,118)		(2,318,939)
Total Net Position - ending	\$	22,030,664	\$	1,368,400	\$	7,705,595	\$	31,104,659

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water and Sewer Utility	Development Services	Stormwater		
	Fund	Fund	Utility Fund	Total	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Receipts from customers	\$ 10,054,167	\$ 2,074,294	\$ 830,847	\$ 12,959,308	
Payments to suppliers	(1,916,241)	(207,322)	(271,383)	(2,394,946)	
Payments to employees	(1,895,309)	(288,695)	(543,703)	(2,727,707)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,242,617	1,578,277	15,761	7,836,655	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Transfers in	23,833	-	-	23,833	
Transfers out	(1,558,382)	(359,900)	(171,300)	(2,089,582)	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(1,534,549)	(359,900)	(171,300)	(2,065,749)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	7,257	-	-	7,257	
Proceeds from insurance	4,418	-	21,675	26,093	
Acquisition of capital assets	(670,817)	-	(253,446)	(924,263)	
Principal paid on revenue bonds & leases	(1,401,786)	-	-	(1,401,786)	
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(529,183)	-	-	(529,183)	
Connection fees	1,420,443	-	-	1,420,443	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing					
activities	(1,169,668)		(231,771)	(1,401,439)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Purchase of investments	(2,919,290)	(1,134,783)	356,300	(3,697,773)	
Investment income	71,921	5,405	5,116	82,442	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(2,847,369)	(1,129,378)	361,416	(3,615,331)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	691,031	88,999	(25,894)	754,136	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - beginning	807,031	19,372	72,618	899,021	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - end	\$ 1,498,062	\$ 108,371	\$ 46,724	\$ 1,653,157	
Classified As:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,055,019	\$ 108,371	\$ 46,724	\$ 1,210,114	
Restricted cash	443,043	-	-	443,043	
Total	\$ 1,498,062	\$ 108,371	\$ 46,724	\$ 1,653,157	

	Business-type Activiti			es - Enterprise Funds				
		Vater and ewer Utility Fund		velopment Services Fund		ormwater ility Fund		Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities								
Operating income(loss)	_\$_	3,751,186	\$	1,572,921	\$	(290,393)	\$	5,033,714
Adjustments Not Affecting Cash:								
Depreciation and amortization		2,004,919		15,900		360,082		2,380,901
Change in Assets and Liabilities:								
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		379,522		-		(40,581)		338,941
Decrease in inventories		5,107		-		-		5,107
Decrease in prepaid costs		6,000		1,295		-		7,295
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		198,625		(24,132)		6,562		181,055
Increase in due to other governments		-		9,154		-		9,154
Increase in accrued liabilities		3,695		1,602		2,943		8,240
Decrease in customer deposits		(16,744)		-		-		(16,744)
Increase in accrued compensated absences		2,572		3,209		6,278		12,059
Increase in deferred pension outflow		(209,880)		(7,222)		(64,181)		(281,283)
Decrease in deferred pension inflow		(143,294)		(4,931)		(43,819)		(192,044)
Increase in net pension liability		242,092		8,330		74,031		324,453
Increase in OPEB obligation		18,817		2,151		4,839		25,807
Total adjustments		486,512		(10,544)		(53,928)		422,040
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	6,242,617	\$	1,578,277	\$	15,761	\$	7,836,655
Noncash Capital and Financing Activities:								
Contributed capital assets	\$	31,080	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,080
Net transfers of capital assets	\$	1,870	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,870

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2015

	Defined Benefit Pension Trust Fund	
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	812,219
Receivables:		
Employer contributions		25,851
Total receivables		25,851
Investments, at fair value:		
Common funds - equity		22,792,386
Common funds - bonds		9,377,843
Other investments		4,354,470
Total Investments		36,524,699
Total assets		37,362,769
Liabilities		-
Net Position:		
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	37,362,769

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Defined Benefit Pension Trust Fund
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 2,428,731
Plan Members	322,323
Total contributions	2,751,054
Investment income:	
Net decrease in fair value of investments	(512,984)
Interest	680,668_
Net investment income	167,684
Total additions	2,918,738
Deductions:	
Benefits	2,202,769
Administrative expenses	174,460_
Total deductions	2,377,229
Change in net position	541,509
Net Position - beginning	36,821,260
Net Position - ending	\$ 37,362,769





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Winter Springs, Florida (the City) is a political subdivision of the state of Florida located in Seminole County, and was established by the Laws of Florida 59-1614. The legislative branch of the City is comprised of a five-member elected Commission and a separately elected mayor, which is governed by the City Charter and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Commission is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy; the execution of such policy is the responsibility of the City Manager appointed by the Commission.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, the City has considered all potential component units. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organizations' resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization. In applying the above criteria, management has determined that there are no component units to be included within the reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government reports the following funds:

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Road Improvements Special Revenue Fund accounts for collected one-cent sales tax revenues restricted for use for transportation-related improvements.

The Solid Waste/Recycling Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds from billed solid waste and recycling services performed by contract vendors. Proceeds are committed to pay monthly vendor charges for providing solid waste and recycling services.

The *TLBD Debt Service Fund* was established to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest for the 2001 special assessment bond issue which was refinanced in October 2011 with a private placement note payable.

Nonmajor Governmental Fund Types

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on certain general governmental obligations.

Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Major Proprietary Funds

The Water and Sewer Utility Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's water and wastewater systems, which are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the costs, including depreciation, of providing services to the general public on an ongoing basis are financed primarily through user charges.

The *Development Services Fund* is used to account for the operations of the City's building and other permits department, where the costs, including depreciation, of providing services to the general public are financed primarily through user charges.

The Stormwater Utility Fund is used to account for the City's operation and maintenance of the stormwater system, where the costs, including depreciation, of providing services to the general public are financed primarily through user charges.

Fiduciary Fund

The Pension Trust Fund accounts for contributions to the defined benefit plan.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's water, sewer and stormwater utility funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance

1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments of the City are reported at fair value. The City's investments consist of investments authorized per their investment policy adopted in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a non-spendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

2. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County bills and collects property taxes and remits them to the City. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

All property is reassessed according to its fair value on the lien date, or January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied on October 1 of each year. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January, and 1% in the month of February. The taxes paid in March are without discount. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. On or around May 31 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Assets so designated are identified as restricted assets on the balance sheet.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	30
Improvements	20-50
Infrastructure	30-50
Intangible Assets	3-10
Equipment	3-10

6. Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. For governmental activities, compensated absences, other post-employment benefits and net pension obligation are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

7. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and for proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts (including deep-discount or capital appreciation bonds), are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds and notes using the effective interest method. Bonds payable and notes payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuances costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows of pension earnings reported in the enterprise and government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: county taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also has deferred inflows of pension earnings reported in the enterprise and government-wide statement of net position.

9. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

10. Fund balance flow assumption

Sometimes the city will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

11. Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. The City Commission is the highest level of decision making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a Resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The commission may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily.

12. New GASB Statements Implemented

In fiscal year 2015, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. These statements replace the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employers, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they related to pension plans that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. GASB Statement No. 71 addresses the issue of the transition provisions in Statement No. 68. Beginning net position of governmental activities, business-type activities, and proprietary funds has been restated and disclosed in Note 3.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 2 - Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this (\$17,658,910) difference are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$ (3,498,970)
Accreted Interest Payable	(4,886,871)
Notes Payable	(8,205,819)
Less: Deferred charge on refunding (to be amortized as interest expense)	84,824
Accrued Interest Payable	(71,629)
Other Post Employment Benefits	(408,518)
Compensated Absences	(671,927)
Net Adjustment to Reduce Fund Balance - total governmental funds to arrive	
at net position - governmental activities	\$ (17,658,910)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this (\$775,720) difference are as follows:

Capital Outlay	\$ 2,571,211
Depreciation Expense	(3,346,931)
Net Adjustment to Decrease Net Changes in Fund Balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position - governmental	
activities	\$ (775,720)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 2 - Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued):

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$609,942 difference are as follows:

Debt Issued or Incurred:	
Notes payable	\$ -
Principal repayment	 609,942
Net Adjustment to Increase Net Changes in Fund Balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position - governmental	
activities	\$ 609,942

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this (\$444,265) difference are as follows:

Compensated Absences	\$ 95,034
Amortization of Loss on Refunding	(7,752)
Accrued Interest Payable	(3,161)
Other Post Employment Benefits	(74,193)
Accreted Interest Payable	(454,193)
Net Adjustment to Decrease Net Changes in Fund Balances- total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position - governmental	
activities	\$ (444,265)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 3 - Accounting Changes:

The beginning balances of governmental activities, business-type activities, and proprietary funds have been adjusted due to the implementation of GASB 68.

	Water and Sewer Utility Fund	Development Services Fund	Stormwater Utility Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
Net Position, October 1, 2014, previously stated Restatement of net position due to implementation of	\$ 21,016,975	\$ 209,510	\$ 8,669,615	\$ 29,896,100
GASB 68	(1,730,285)	(59,536)	(529,118)	(2,318,939)
Net position, October 1, 2014, restated	\$ 19,286,690	\$ 149,974	\$ 8,140,497	\$ 27,577,161
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Net Position, October 1, 2014, previously stated Restatement of net position due to implementation of	\$ 66,365,151	\$ 29,896,100	\$ 96,261,251	
GASB 68	(11,142,220)	(2,318,939)	(13,461,159)	
Net position, October 1, 2014, restated	\$ 55,222,931	\$ 27,577,161	\$ 82,800,092	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 4 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The City follows these procedures set forth below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- On or before July 1st of each year, the City Manager submits a Proposed Budget to the City Commission for the fiscal year beginning the following October 1st. The budget includes proposed revenues, expenditures and a description of capital activities for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 2. The City Commission then holds informal workshops, wherein the public is invited to attend.
- 3. On or before September 30th of each year, two public hearings are convened and the Commission establishes the ad valorem tax millage followed by the adoption of the final budget.
- 4. The budget may be formally amended by the City Commission at any time. Budgeted amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for any legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year.
- 5. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between accounts within a department. At any time during the fiscal year, the City Manager may transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriations among programs within one department. The legal level of budgetary control is the departmental level.

B. Appropriations in Excess of Funds Available

Appropriations for the Tuscawilla Phase III Special Revenue Fund and Oak Forest Debt Service Fund were in excess of anticipated revenue and prior years' fund balance.

C. Deficit Fund Equity

As a result of the internal loan, the Tuscawilla Phase III Special Revenue Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$51,790 at September 30, 2015.

As a result of the internal loan, the Oak Forest Debt Service Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$77,450 at September 30, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$4,574,243 and the bank balance was \$3,535,825. Petty cash funds of \$1,810 are not on deposit with a financial institution, and fiduciary fund cash of \$812,219 held by the pension fund is not in the City's bank. All bank deposits were covered by Federal Depository Insurance or held in banks that are members of the State of Florida's Collateral Pool as specified under Florida law. Florida Statutes provide for collateral pooling by banks and savings and loans. This limits local government deposits to "authorized depositories".

Investments

The City's investment policies are governed by State Statutes and City ordinances. City ordinance allows investments in any financial institution that is a qualified public depository of the State of Florida as identified by the State Treasurer, in accordance with Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. Authorized investments are:

- Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool (SBA LGIP)
- 2. U.S. Government securities
- 3. U.S. Government Agency securities
- 4. Federal Instrumentalities (U.S. Government sponsored agencies)
- 5. Interest bearing time deposit or savings accounts
- 6. Repurchase agreements
- 7. Commercial paper
- 8. Bankers' acceptances
- 9. State and/or local government taxable and/or tax-exempt debt
- 10. Registered investment companies (money market mutual funds)
- 11. Intergovernmental investment pool

The City's investment policy limits credit risk by restricting authorized investment to those described above. The policy requires that the investment in federal instrumentalities be guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government sponsored agency and that investments in money market mutual funds have a Standard & Poors (S & P) rating of AAm or AAm-G. Investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances must be rated, at a minimum, "P-1" by Moody's Investors Services and "A-1" by S & P. Investment in state and/or local government taxable and/or tax-exempt debt must be rated at least "Aa" by Moody's and "AA" by S & P for long-term debt, or rated at least "MIG-2" by Moody's and "SP-2" by S & P for short-term debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments (Continued):

<u>Investments (Continued)</u>

Custodial Credit Risk

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The city's investment policy requires that the bank deposits be secured as provided by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. This law requires local governments to deposit funds only in financial institutions designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida, and creates the Public Deposits Trust Fund, a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a default or insolvency has occurred. At September 30, 2015, all of the city's bank deposits were in qualified public depositories.

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2015, none of the investments listed are exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy requires diversification, and places limits on the percentage of funds that may be invested with an individual issuer and type of investment.

Interest Rate Risk

The policy limits investment in U.S. Government securities and agencies and federal instrumentalities to a maximum length to maturity of five years. The maximum length to maturity for an investment in any state or local government debt security is three years. Certificates of deposit maximum maturity is one year and commercial paper and bankers' acceptances are 180 days. The maximum length to maturity for repurchase agreements is 90 days.

Additional Investment Information

The SBA is not a registrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however, the State of Florida does provide regulatory oversight. The Board has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a 2a-7 like fund for the Florida Prime Fund. Therefore, the pool account balance can be used as fair value for financial reporting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments (Continued):

Investments held by the City at September 30, 2015 are detailed below.

Fair Value	Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity
\$ 10,082,231	A-1+	68 days
6,011,405	TSY	329 days
800,861	AA	124 days
22,414,134	AA+	383 days
796,555	Not rated	
\$ 40,105,186		
	\$ 10,082,231 6,011,405 800,861 22,414,134 796,555	Fair Value Rating \$ 10,082,231 A-1+ 6,011,405 TSY 800,861 AA 22,414,134 AA+ 796,555 Not rated

Investments: Pension Funds

The City's Pension Trust Fund (Trust) investment policies are governed by State Statutes and City ordinances. City ordinance allows investments in any financial institution that is a qualified public depository of the State of Florida as identified by the State Treasurer, in accordance with Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. Authorized investments are:

- 1. Equities traded on a national exchange
- 2. Fixed income investments having a minimum rating of investment grade or higher as determined by at least one major credit rating service
- 3. Money market fund or STIF provided by the Plan's custodian
- 4. Real estate limited to commingled funds
- 5. Alternatives
- 6. Foreign securities limited to fully and easily negotiable securities or commingled funds with investments in such securities
- 7. Commingled funds/mutual funds and exchange traded funds

The investments held by the City's Pension Trust Fund at September 30, 2015 are detailed below:

Fair Value
\$ 22,792,386
9,377,843
4,354,470
36,524,699
812,219
\$ 37,336,918

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments (Continued):

Investments: Pension Funds (Continued)

Credit Risk

The City's Trust investment policy limits credit risk by restricting authorized investment to those described above. The policy requires that the investments in: federal instrumentalities be guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government sponsored agency; deposit accounts be insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and may not exceed maximum insured amount; commercial paper be rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating service; Letters of Credit (LOC) backing commercial paper, the long-term debt of the LOC provider be rated A or better by at least two nationally recognized rating services; bankers' acceptances of the United States Banks or federally chartered domestic office of a foreign bank, which are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System, be rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating service; General Obligation and/or Revenue Bonds of state or local government taxable or tax-exempt debt be rated A, for long-term debt, by a nationally recognized rating service or rated "MIG-2" or "SP-2", for short term debt, by a nationally recognized rating service; intergovernmental investment pools be authorized to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act provided in Section 163.01, Florida Statutes; equities be traded on a national exchange; money market mutual funds have a rating of "A1" by Standard & Poor's (S&P) or "P1" by Moody's Investor Services (Moody's); fixed income securities be investment grade as measured by S&P or Moody's; and any bonds or notes that fall below investment quality must be liquidated immediately.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2015, none of the Trust investments listed are exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's Trust investment policy requires diversification, and places limits on the percentage of funds that may be invested with an individual issuer and type of investment. The policy limits an individual issuer of common or capital stock to no more than 5% of the fund's assets; the aggregate investment in any one stock issuing company to no more than 5% of the outstanding capital stock of the company; and the value of bonds issued by any single corporation to no more than 3% of the total fund. The policy limits investments in corporate common stock and convertible bonds to no more than 75% of the fund assets at market value; foreign securities to no more than 20% of fund assets at market value; and alternative investments, such as timber and real estate, to no more than 15% of the fund assets at market value. At September 30, 2015, there were no security investments in the Trust that were over their respective limitations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments (Continued):

Investments: Pension Funds (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The Pension investment policy allows for investment in commingled funds administered by national or state banks, and mutual funds. Authorized investments criteria with the exception of commingled funds, apply to security level investments. All fixed income investments in the Pension portfolio are commingled funds.

The Pension fixed income portfolio may be invested in securities with a maturity up to (30) years, as long as the average duration of the portfolio will not exceed +/- 125% of the duration of the Policy benchmark. There were no security level fixed income investments in the Pension Portfolio.

Note 6 - Receivables:

Receivables as of year end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Fund	Accounts eceivable	Un	owance for collectible Accounts	R	Net eceivable
General	\$ 22,212	\$	-	\$	22,212
Road Improvements Special Revenue	1,500,760		-		1,500,760
Solid Waste/Recycling Special Revenue	161,884		-		161,884
Water & Sewer Utility	564,899		(51,123)		513,776
Stormwater Utility	277,340		(236,759)		40,581
	\$ 2,527,095	\$	(287,882)	\$	2,239,213

There is an amount of \$1,028,545 included in accounts receivable above in the Road Improvements Special Revenue Fund that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. There are also special assessments receivable of \$2,052,069 that are not available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. These receivables totaling \$3,080,614 are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds balance sheet.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 7 - Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being				
depreciated:				
Land	\$ 9,946,795	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,946,795
Construction in Progress	972,350	1,872,865	(905,789)	1,939,426
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	10,919,145	1,872,865	(905,789)	11,886,221
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	12,793,332	28,798	(2,790)	12,819,340
Improvements	12,498,996	315,762	(9,854)	12,804,904
Intangible assets	1,028,752	1,636	(4,719)	1,025,669
Machinery and equipment	6,813,393	665,530	(285,110)	7,193,813
Infrastructure	61,695,785	592,409		62,288,194
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	94,830,258	1,604,135	(302,473)	96,131,920
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(5,517,282)	(422,352)	1,659	(5,937,975)
Improvements	(5,506,351)	(442,924)	9,854	(5,939,421)
Intangible assets	(846,570)	(88,892)	4,719	(930,743)
Machinery and equipment	(5,445,674)	(541,988)	283,240	(5,704,422)
Infrastructure	(30,385,036)	(1,850,775)		(32,235,811)
Total accumulated depreciation	(47,700,913)	(3,346,931)	299,472	(50,748,372)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	47,129,345	(1,742,796)	(3,001)	45,383,548
,	, -,		(-,)	
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 58,048,490	\$ 130,069	\$ (908,790)	\$ 57,269,769

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 7 - Capital Assets (Continued):

Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$7,170,177 \$ - \$ - \$ 7,170,177 \$ Construction in Progress 195,754 502,549 (361,105) 337,198 \$ Total capital assets, not being depreciated 7,365,931 502,549 (361,105) 7,507,375 \$ Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 756,435 61,927 - 818,362 Improvements 61,383,746 364,953 (62,685) 61,686,014 Intangible assets 218,523 -		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
depreciated: Land \$ 7,170,177 \$ - \$ - \$ 7,170,177 Construction in Progress 195,754 502,549 (361,105) 337,198 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 7,365,931 502,549 (361,105) 7,507,375 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 756,435 61,927 - 818,362 Improvements 61,383,746 364,953 (62,685) 61,686,014 Intangible assets 218,523 - 2218,523 - 2218,523 Machinery and equipment 3,566,356 389,177 (167,565) 3,787,968 Total capital assets, being depreciated 65,925,060 816,057 (230,250) 66,510,867 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (593,297) (20,335) - (613,632) Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 </td <td>Business-type Activities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Business-type Activities:				
Land \$ 7,170,177 \$ - \$ 7,170,177 Construction in Progress 195,754 502,549 (361,105) 337,198 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 7,365,931 502,549 (361,105) 7,507,375 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 756,435 61,927 - 818,362 Improvements 61,383,746 364,953 (62,685) 61,686,014 Intangible assets 218,523 - - 218,523 Machinery and equipment 3,566,356 389,177 (167,565) 3,787,968 Total capital assets, being depreciated 65,925,060 816,057 (230,250) 66,510,867 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (593,297) (20,335) - (613,632) Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net					
Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Buildings 756,435 61,927 - 818,362 Improvements 61,383,746 364,953 (62,685) 61,686,014 Intangible assets 218,523 - 218,523 Machinery and equipment 3,566,356 389,177 (167,565) 3,787,968 Total capital assets, being depreciated 65,925,060 816,057 (230,250) 66,510,867 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (593,297) (20,335) - (613,632) Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542	•	\$ 7,170,177	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,170,177
depreciated 7,365,931 502,549 (361,105) 7,507,375 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings 756,435 61,927 - 818,362 Improvements 61,383,746 364,953 (62,685) 61,686,014 Intangible assets 218,523 - - 218,523 Machinery and equipment 3,566,356 389,177 (167,565) 3,787,968 Total capital assets, being depreciated 65,925,060 816,057 (230,250) 66,510,867 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (593,297) (20,335) - (613,632) Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542	Construction in Progress	195,754	502,549	(361,105)	337,198
Buildings 756,435 61,927 - 818,362 Improvements 61,383,746 364,953 (62,685) 61,686,014 Intangible assets 218,523 - - 218,523 Machinery and equipment 3,566,356 389,177 (167,565) 3,787,968 Total capital assets, being depreciated 65,925,060 816,057 (230,250) 66,510,867 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (593,297) (20,335) - (613,632) Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital		7,365,931	502,549	(361,105)	7,507,375
Improvements 61,383,746 364,953 (62,685) 61,686,014 Intangible assets 218,523 - - 218,523 Machinery and equipment 3,566,356 389,177 (167,565) 3,787,968 Total capital assets, being depreciated 65,925,060 816,057 (230,250) 66,510,867 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (593,297) (20,335) - (613,632) Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital					
Intangible assets 218,523 - - 218,523 Machinery and equipment 3,566,356 389,177 (167,565) 3,787,968 Total capital assets, being depreciated 65,925,060 816,057 (230,250) 66,510,867 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (593,297) (20,335) - (613,632) Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital	•	•	•	-	•
Machinery and equipment 3,566,356 389,177 (167,565) 3,787,968 Total capital assets, being depreciated 65,925,060 816,057 (230,250) 66,510,867 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (593,297) (20,335) - (613,632) Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital	•		364,953	(62,685)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated 65,925,060 816,057 (230,250) 66,510,867 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (593,297) (20,335) - (613,632) Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital	•		-	-	
depreciated 65,925,060 816,057 (230,250) 66,510,867 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (593,297) (20,335) - (613,632) Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital		3,566,356	389,177	(167,565)	3,787,968
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings (593,297) (20,335) - (613,632) Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital		65,925,060	816,057	(230,250)	66,510,867
Buildings (593,297) (20,335) - (613,632) Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital	·		· ·		
Improvements (31,688,720) (2,166,016) 55,428 (33,799,308) Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital	Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Intangible assets (134,245) (27,678) - (161,923) Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital	Buildings	(593,297)	(20,335)	-	(613,632)
Machinery and equipment (3,013,867) (167,160) 167,565 (3,013,462) Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital	Improvements	(31,688,720)	(2,166,016)	55,428	(33,799,308)
Total accumulated depreciation (35,430,129) (2,381,189) 222,993 (37,588,325) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital	•	(134,245)	, ,	-	,
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital	Machinery and equipment	(3,013,867)	(167,160)	167,565	(3,013,462)
depreciated, net 30,494,931 (1,565,132) (7,257) 28,922,542 Business-type activities capital	Total accumulated depreciation	(35,430,129)	(2,381,189)	222,993	(37,588,325)
Business-type activities capital	Total capital assets, being				
••	depreciated, net	30,494,931	(1,565,132)	(7,257)	28,922,542
assets, net \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Business-type activities capital				
	assets, net	\$ 37,860,862	\$(1,062,583)	\$ (368,362)	\$ 36,429,917

Increases in accumulated depreciation for business-type activities include accumulated depreciation on assets transferred from governmental activities, therefore total increases is not the same as depreciation expense. This difference is \$288.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 7 - Capital Assets (Continued):

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	877,355
Public safety	384,930
Physical environment	1,715,783
Culture and recreation	368,863
Total Depreciation Expense - governmental activities	\$ 3,346,931
Business-type Activities:	
Water and sewer	\$ 2,004,919
Development services	15,900
Stormwater	360,082
Total Depreciation Expense - business-type activities	\$ 2,380,901

Note 8- Long-Term Debt:

Revenue Bonds

The City issues bonds where the City pledges revenue derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

The 1999 Improvement Refunding Bonds are secured by Electric Franchise fees and Public Service tax revenue. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$14,025,000. For the fiscal year, there was no principal and interest paid on this series and total pledged revenue was \$5,828,964.

The 2000 Water and Sewer Refunding bonds are secured by net revenue from the water and sewer system. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$19,761,875. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$103,125 and total pledged net revenue was \$5,696,087.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

Revenue Bonds (Continued)

The original amount of revenue bonds issued in prior years, as well as revenue bonds outstanding at year end, are as follows:

	Interest				Balance
	Rates and		Original	Sep	otember 30,
	Dates	Maturity	Amount		2015
Governmental Activities					
Improvement Refunding					
Revenue Bonds- Series 1999		10/1/2020			
(excludes \$4,886,871 of accreted	3.25 - 5.25%	to			
interest on capital appreciation bonds)	(4/1 & 10/1)	10/1/2029	\$ 7,998,970	\$	3,498,970
Total				\$	3,498,970
Business-Type Activities					
Water and Sewer Refunding					
Revenue Bonds- Series 2000		10/1/2022			
(excludes \$5,060,678 of accreted	4.5 - 5.5%	to			
interest on capital appreciation bonds)	(4/1 & 10/1)	10/1/2030	\$ 6,969,191	\$	5,669,191
Total				\$	5,669,191

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmen	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	
September 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
2016	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 103,125	
2017	-	-	-	103,125	
2018	-	-	-	103,125	
2019	-	428,559	-	103,125	
2020	417,881	869,161	-	103,125	
2021-2025	1,759,997	4,664,173	1,872,016	7,050,971	
2026-2030	1,321,092	4,564,137	1,922,175	6,526,088	
2031			1,875,000		
	\$ 3,498,970	\$ 10,526,030	\$ 5,669,191	\$ 14,092,684	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

Notes Payable

The City issued a Special Assessment Revenue Note Series 2006, in the amount of \$430,000 to provide financing for the Tuscawilla Lighting and Beautification Project, Phase II. The Special Assessment Revenue Note Series 2006 is secured by a first lien and pledge of assessments levied on the property within the assessed area. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$62,216. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$31,724 and total pledged revenue was \$26,538.

The 2011 Improvement Refunding Revenue Note is secured by Electric Franchise fees and Public Service tax revenue. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$903,656. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$204,272 and total pledged revenue was \$5,828,964.

The 2011 Special Assessment Revenue Refunding Note is secured by a first lien and pledge of assessments levied on the property within the assessed area. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$1,989,895. For the fiscal year, principal and interest was paid on this series was \$134,652 and total pledged revenue was \$135,904.

The 2012 Limited General Obligation Refunding Note is secured a pledge of the faith, credit and taxing power of the City, provided that the levy of ad valorem taxes by the City in each year for the payment of debt service on the Note shall not exceed one quarter (1/4) of one mil on all of the taxable property in the City. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$3,244,434. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid was \$201,157 and total pledged revenue was \$185,527.

The 2014 Improvement Refunding Revenue Notes are secured by Public Service tax revenue. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$3,343,084. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid was \$228,664 and total pledged revenue was \$3,887,127.

The 2011A Water and Sewer Refunding Note is secured by net revenue from the water and sewer system. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$5,417,256. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$1,082,403 and total pledged net revenue was \$5,696,087.

The 2011B Water and Sewer Refunding Note is secured by net revenue from the water and sewer system. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$591,339. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$102,832 and total pledged net revenue was \$5,696,087.

The 2011C Water and Sewer Refunding Note is secured by net revenue from the water and sewer system. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$2,940,044. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$415,151 and total pledged net revenue was \$5,696,087.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

Notes Payable (Continued)

In April 2012, the City executed Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan agreement WW590600 for the Lake Jessup reclaimed water augmentation facility. The agreement provides for total funding of \$2,831,985. The loan period is for 20 years with an interest rate of 2.77 percent. The note is secured by gross revenues from the water and sewer utility net of operation and maintenance costs. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on this series is \$1,988,714. For the fiscal year, principal and interest paid on this series was \$110,945 and total pledged net revenue was \$4,407,727.

The City has notes payable for both governmental and business-type activities. Outstanding notes payable at year end are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities		
Special Assessment Revenue Note, Series 2006 - Principal payable annually beginning July 1, 2007 and interest payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1. Maturity is July 1, 2021 and interest is 4.10%. Principal payments of \$28,350 were made in fiscal year 2015.	\$	58,983
nscal year 2010.	Ψ	30,303
Improvement Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2011 - payable in annual principal installments starting 10/1/11 through 10/1/18 and interest paid semi-annually at 2.36%		861,489
interest paid serni-arindally at 2.30%		001,409
Special Assessment Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2011 - payable in annual principal installments starting 10/1/12 through		4 575 400
10/1/29 and interest paid semi-annually at 3.25%		1,575,186
Limited General Obligation Refunding Note, Series 2012 - payable in annual principal installments starting 7/1/13 through 7/1/31 and interest paid semi-annually at 3.65%		2,425,161
Improvement Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2014 - payable in annual principal installments starting 10/1/14 through 10/1/18 and		
interest paid semi-annually at 0.88%	_	3,285,000
	\$	8,205,819

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

Notes Payable (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2011A - payable in annual principal installments starting 4/1/12 through 4/1/20 and interest paid semi-annually at 3.28%	\$ 4,997,008
Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2011B - payable in annual principal installments starting 10/1/11 through 10/1/20 and interest paid semi-annually at 2.65%	553,001
Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2011C - payable in annual principal installments starting 10/1/12 through 10/1/21 and interest paid semi-annually at 2.66%	2,715,852
SRF loan- payable in semi-annual principal and interest installments starting 4/15/13, with interest paid semi-annually at 2.77%	 1,568,480 9,834,341

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmen	Governmental Activities		oe Activities
September 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2016	\$ 1,231,859	\$ 183,946	\$ 1,446,699	\$ 266,630
2017	1,256,963	164,001	1,497,567	221,366
2018	1,262,982	143,576	1,542,909	174,567
2019	1,286,593	123,346	1,585,947	126,483
2020	229,854	109,132	1,636,618	76,835
2021-2025	1,251,030	421,417	1,359,853	150,179
2026-2030	1,493,170	184,991	492,819	75,711
2031-2033	193,368	7,057	271,929	11,241
	\$ 8,205,819	\$ 1,337,466	\$ 9,834,341	\$ 1,103,012

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt (Continued):

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance, as restated	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable-					
Revenue bonds	\$ 3,498,970	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,498,970	\$ -
Accreted Interest Payable Notes Payable-	4,432,678	454,193	-	4,886,871	-
Capital improvement notes	6,281,928	-	(501,270)	5,780,658	1,119,327
Limited general obligation note	2,533,833		(108,672)	2,425,161	112,532
Total notes payable	8,815,761	-	(609,942)	8,205,819	1,231,859
Other Post Employment Benefits	334,325	74,193	-	408,518	-
Net Pension Obligation	9,626,000	1,517,396	-	11,143,396	-
Compensated Absences	766,961	671,927	(766,961)	671,927	134,000
Governmental activity long- term liabilities	\$27,474,695	\$2,717,709	\$ (1,376,903)	\$28,815,501	\$1,365,859
	Beginning Balance, as restated	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities:					
Bonds Payable-					
Revenue bonds Less deferred amounts:	\$ 5,669,191	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,669,191	\$ -
Issuance discounts	(16,869)	-	1,054	(15,815)	-
Total bonds payable	5,652,322	-	1,054	5,653,376	-
Accreted Interest Payable Notes Payable-	4,556,926	503,752	-	5,060,678	-
Revenue notes	9,600,629	-	(1,334,768)	8,265,861	1,375,953
SRF Loan	1,635,498	-	(67,018)	1,568,480	70,746
Other Post Employment Benefits	110,675	25,807	-	136,482	-
Net Pension Obligation	2,058,250	324,453	-	2,382,703	-
Compensated Absences	172,074	184,133	(172,074)	184,133	36,827
Governmental activity long- term liabilities	\$23,786,374	\$1,038,145	\$ (1,572,806)	\$23,251,713	\$1,483,526

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 9 - Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers:

The composition of interfund advances as of September 30, 2015 is as follows:

Receivable			
Fund	Payable Fund	,	Amount
General	Other Governmental Funds	\$	146,380
		\$	146,380

The advance to other governmental funds represents Resolution 2010-36 adopted June 2010 formally establishing the interfund loan (original amount \$318,464) between the City's General Fund and the Oak Forest Debt Service Fund. The terms of the note are 2.7510% paid quarterly through June 2017. The balance also represents an interfund loan with the Tuscawilla III Special Revenue Fund, which was established with Resolution 2013-22 in the amount of \$80,820 of which \$17,100 in prepayments were received for a net interfund loan of \$63,720. The terms of the note are 2.875% for 20 years. The interest rate is variable, with maximum increases of 1.25% in years 6-15, and 1.5% in years 16-20.

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2015 are summarized below:

		Transfers In					_	
		Other Governmental		Water and Sewer Utility	-			
Transfers Out	G	eneral Fund		Funds		Fund		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	2,482,709	\$	-	\$	2,482,709
TLBD Debt Service		500		-		-		500
Road Improvements		-		1,308,747		-		1,308,747
Solid Waste/Recycling								
Special Revenue Fund		800,825		-		-		800,825
Other Governmental Funds		366,377		-		17,833		384,210
Water and Sewer Utility Fund		1,558,382		-		-		1,558,382
Development Services Fund		359,900		-		-		359,900
Stormwater Utility Fund		165,300		-		6,000		171,300
	\$	3,251,284	\$	3,791,456	\$	23,833	\$	7,066,573

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 9 - Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers (Continued):

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2015 are detailed below:

Recipient Fund	Amount	Purpose
1999 Debt Service Fund	\$ 217,000	Transfer from General Fund to pay Debt Service expenses on the Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1999.
2003 Debt Service Fund	825,400	Transfer from General Fund to pay Debt Service expenses on the Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2003.
Central Winds GO Debt Service Fund	1,153,000	Transfer from General Fund to pay Debt Service expenses on the General Obligation Notes for the acquisition and expansion of Central Winds Park.
Excellence in Customer Service Fund	287,309	Transfer from General Fund for new ERP software and other projects dedicated to enhancing customer service.
General Fund	1,558,382	Transfer from Water and Sewer Utility Fund for Utility Billing division budget, fair share portion of General Fund expenses, such as human resources, purchasing, and finance.
General Fund	359,900	Transfer from Development Services Fund for indirect costs, administration, fire prevention, Community Development (crossover costs), Information Services special projects, Kiva project and records management project expenses.
General Fund	53,560	Transfer from TLBD Phase I Maintenance Special Revenue Fund for City Clerk, Beautification Coordinator and insurance expenses.
General Fund	10,688	Transfer from Oak Forest Maintenance Special Revenue Fund for City Clerk, Beautification Coordinator and insurance expenses.
General Fund	800,825	Transfer from Solid Waste/Recycling Special Revenue Fund for administration, franchise fees.
General Fund	14,589	Transfer from Arbor Fund for urban forestry services.
General Fund	165,300	Transfer from Stormwater Utility Fund for administration and special projects.
General Fund	500	Transfer from Oak Forest Debt Service fund for administration fees.
General Fund	500	Transfer from TLBD Debt Service Fund for administration fees.
General Fund	500	Transfer from TLBD Phase II Debt Service Fund for administration fees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 9 - Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers (Continued):

Recipient Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	1,715	Transfer from Tuscawilla III to reimburse the General Fund for expenses paid on behalf of the special assessment fund.
General Fund	280,000	Transfer from Transportation Improvement Fund for street lighting.
General Fund	4,825	Transfer from Special Law Enforcement Trust Fund- Federal to subsidize a vehicle purchase
Transportation Improvement Fund	1,308,747	Transfer from Road Improvements Fund to reimburse for previous years' projects eligible for second generation tax.
Water and Sewer Utility Fund	17,833	Transfer from Arbor Fund to cover an allocation of salary/benefits for the City Arborist.
Water and Sewer Utility Fund	6,000	Transfer from Stormwater Utility Fund for administration fees.
	\$7,066,573	

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

Plan Description

The City maintains a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to City employees. The pension plan is maintained as a Pension Trust Fund and is included with the fund financial statements. This pension plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. General employees hired on or after October 1, 2011 are no longer eligible for the defined benefit pension plan, but are eligible for the City's defined contribution plan. Employees hired as sworn police officers or hired as forensic professionals on or after October 1, 2011 will continue to participate in the defined benefit plan.

In October 2008, the City consolidated fire services with Seminole County, and firefighters were given the option to either remain in the City's pension plan or enroll in the County's pension plan. As a result, 27 firefighters elected to remain in the City's pension plan of which 10 remain although they are no longer employees of the City.

The Board of Trustees of the plan are appointed by the City Commission to make advisory recommendations regarding the plan's investment and portfolio strategies. Any recommendations are then taken back to the Commission for final approval.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Plan Membership - At September 30, 2015 plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	85
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	142
Active Plan Members	141
	368

Benefits Provided - For Firefighters, Police Officers and Forensic Professionals, 3% times final average compensation multiplied by accrual service up to a maximum of 30 years. For General Employees, 3% times accrual service earned through September 30, 2011 times final average compensation plus 2.5% times accrual service earned after September 30, 2011 times final average compensation, up to a maximum of 30 years of accrual service.

Contributions - contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Commission. The Plan currently requires employees to contribute 5% of their salary.

Net Pension Liability - The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2015, and the pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2014 updated to September 30, 2015. The components of the net pension liability of the sponsor on September 30, 2015 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 50,888,868
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (37,362,769)
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability	\$ 13,526,099
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of	
Total Pension Liability	73.42%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Actuarial Assumptions -

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2014 updated to September 30, 2015 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	3.0% - 7.5%
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%

For healthy General Employee participants, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table was used with separate rates for males and females and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale AA. For healthy Firefighter and Police Officer participants, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment was used with separate rates for males and females and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale AA. For disabled participants, the RP-2000 Combined Disability Mortality Table was used with separate rates for males and females and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Large Cap Domestic Stocks	25%	2.58%
Domestic Broad Cap Growth Equity	25%	3.05%
International	15%	0.59%
Fixed Income	20%	0.59%
TIPS	5%	0.08%
Real Estate	10%	1.44%
Total	100%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)	
Balances at September 30, 2014	\$ 48,505,511	\$ 36,821,261	\$ 11,684,250	
Changes for a Year:				
Service Cost	834,402	-	834,402	
Interest	3,851,130	-	3,851,130	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	(107,513)	-	(107,513)	
Changes of assumptions	8,107	-	8,107	
Contributions-employer	-	2,392,948	(2,392,948)	
Contributions-employee	-	358,106	(358, 106)	
Net investment income	-	5,160	(5,160)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of				
employee contributions	(2,202,769)	(2,202,769)	-	
Administrative Expense		(11,937)	11,937	
Net Changes	2,383,357	541,508	1,841,849	
Balances at September 30, 2015	\$ 50,888,868	\$ 37,362,769	\$ 13,526,099	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the Discount Rate

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	7.00%	8.00%	9.00%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 19,607,946	\$13,526,099	\$8,392,231

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the City will recognize a pension expense of \$(846,157). At September 30, 2015, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	389,686
Changes of Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings		6,345		-
on Pension Plan Investments		1,590,438		-
	\$	1,596,783	\$	389,686

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:	
2016	\$ 164,423
2017	164,423
2018	301,458
2019	576,793
2020	-
Thereafter	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 11 - Defined Contribution Plan:

In March 2012 the City established the Winter Springs Defined Contribution (General Plan) as a defined contribution plan covering all full time employees of the City hired after October 1, 2011, not eligible to participate in the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. This plan is authorized and may be amended by the City Commission. The City makes employer contributions of 5%. Employees are eligible to participate in the General Plan after 6 months of employment. Vesting is 0% for the first 3 years, 60% at the end of year 3, 80% at the end of year 4, 100% at the end of year 5. Benefits are available upon termination subject to IRS regulations, regardless of age, based on vested years of service. Normal retirement age has been designated by the employer as age 65.

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015, payroll for the employees covered by this plan was \$1,135,095. Employer contributions required and made were \$62,518. As of September 30, 2015, participation in the plan consisted of 36 active members.

During the year, the General Plan held no securities issued by the employer.

Note 12 - Other Post-Employment Benefits:

In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 112.0801, the City makes continued group health insurance through the city's current provider available to retirees and eligible dependents provided certain service requirements and normal age retirement requirements have been met. This plan is a single employer plan. This benefit has no cost to the City, other than the implicit cost of including retirees in the group calculation. All premiums are paid by the retiree. The City has eleven retirees currently receiving benefits. The City has chosen pay-as-you-go funding, but is recording the liability in the government wide financial statements. This plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements.

The most recent actuarial report for the City's Retiree Continuation Insurance plan was prepared as of December 1, 2015. At that point in time, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) for benefits was \$1,079,000 and funded ratio was 0%. The covered payroll was \$7,853,000 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 13.7 percent.

The annual required contribution and Net OPEB Obligation for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 is as follows:

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 176,000
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	18,000
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	(38,000)
Annual OPEB Cost	156,000
Employer Contributions	(55,000)
Interest on Employer Contributions	(1,000)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	100,000
Net OPEB Obligation (beginning of year)	445,000
Net OPEB Obligation (end of year)	\$ 545,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 12 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued):

Three Year Trend Information -

Fiscal Year	R	Annual equired ntribution	Percentage of ARC		et OPEB
Ending	(ARC)		Contributed	_0	bligation
9/30/2013	\$	160,000	42.0%	\$	368,000
9/30/2014		163,000	42.0%		445,000
9/30/2015		176,000	31.3%		545,000

Summary of Actuarial Methods & Assumptions -

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Actuarial Cost Method - The projected unit credit cost method was used to determine all liabilities, with the liability for each active employee assumed to accrue over his working lifetime based on elapsed time from his date of hire until retirement.

Amortization Method - The level-dollar payment with a 15 year open period amortization method was used.

Decrements -

Mortality - Sex-distinct mortality rates set forth in the RP-2000 mortality table to annuitants and non-annuitants, projected to 2012 by Scale AA, as published by the IRS for purposes of IRC section 430; future generational improvements in mortality have not been reflected.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 12 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued):

Summary of Actuarial Methods & Assumptions (Continued)

Disability - Sex-distinct disability rates set forth in the Wyatt 1985 Disability Study; Class 4 rates were used for police officers, Class 1 rates were used for all other employees.

Permanent Withdrawal from Active Status - Sex-distinct withdrawal rates set forth in the Scale 155 table.

Retirement - Retirement was assumed to occur as at age 55 for police officers and at age 60 for all other employees

Investment Return (Discount Rate) - 4.0% per annum (includes inflation at 2.75% per annum)

Health care Costs Trend Rates - The cost of covered medical services has been assumed to increase in accordance with the following rates, compounded annually:

Year	Increase	Year	Increase	Year	Increase
2015	8.00%	2018	6.50%	2021	5.50%
2016	7.50%	2019	6.00%	2022	
2017	7.00%	2020	5.50%	and later	5.00%

Implied Subsidy (Not Eligible for Medicare) - The implied subsidy for a 60-year old retiree and his spouse for the period December 1, 2015 through November 30, 2016 is assumed to be \$4,800 per year and \$6,600 per year, respectively.

Implied Subsidy (Dental Insurance) - There is no implied subsidy for dental insurance since it is assumed that the dental insurance costs for covered individuals do not increase with age.

Age-Related Morbidity - The cost of covered medical services has been assumed to increase with age at the rate of 3.5% per annum.

Retiree contributions - Retirees electing post-employment healthcare coverage have been assumed to make monthly contributions equal to the premium charged to the active employees and retiree contributions are assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost trend assumption.

Medical Plan Choice - Retirees have been assumed to elect coverage under the "United Healthcare Medical Plan 6" plan.

Future Participation Rates - 25% of eligible employees are assumed to elect healthcare coverage for themselves until age 65 upon retirement or disability; of the retirees election healthcare coverage, 10% are assumed to elect coverage for their spouses until age 65.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 12 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued):

Summary of Actuarial Methods & Assumptions (Continued)

COBRA Assumption - Future healthcare coverage provided solely pursuant to COBRA was not included in the OPEB valuation; because the COBRA premium is determined periodically based on plan experience, we assumed that the COBRA premium to be paid by the participant fully covers the cost of providing healthcare coverage during the relevant period.

Summary of Benefits

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEBs) - The City of Winter Springs provides optional post-employment healthcare and dental insurance coverage to eligible individuals.

Eligible Individuals - Eligible individuals include all regular employees of the City of Winter Springs who retire from active service and are eligible for retirement or disability benefits under the defined benefit pension plan that is sponsored by the City. Under certain conditions, eligible individuals for healthcare coverage also include spouses and dependent children.

Choice of Healthcare Plans - Eligible individuals may choose healthcare coverage under the "United Healthcare Medical Plan 4, 5 or 6" plan.

Required Monthly Premium for Post-Employment Healthcare Coverage - Retirees must pay a monthly premium as determined by the insurance carrier. The premium varies depending on the plan selected and whether the retiree elects single, single plus spouse, single plus children or family coverage.

Note 13 - Deferred Compensation Plan:

All employees of the City may voluntarily elect to participate in one of two available deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans are administered by Nationwide Retirement Solutions and ICMA Retirement Corporation. The plans permit participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Because the Plan Assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries, the Plan is not accounted for in the City's fund financials.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 14 - Risk Management:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job-related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Risk of loss from above is transferred by the City to various commercial insurers through the purchase of insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year. There have been no settlements in excess of insurance coverage in any of the prior three fiscal years.

Note 15- Commitments and Contingencies:

Grants -

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government and the State of Florida. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation -

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Commitments Under Construction Contracts -

At September 30, 2015, the City had entered into construction contracts in the amount of \$834,385.

Transportation Impact Fee Credits -

The City has entered into a number of agreements with developers under which the developer donates transportation infrastructure improvements or rights of way to the City and receives credit for future transportation impact fee payments. As of September 30, 2015, credit balances for future impact fees total approximately \$89,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2015

Note 16 - Fund Balance

Minimum Fund Balance Policy - In accordance with Resolution 2002-36, the City designates an amount equal to 20 percent of the total operating expenses of the General fund to be maintained as a required minimum unreserved fund balance. The purpose of the policy is to provide capacity to (1) provide sufficient cash flow for daily financial needs, (2) secure and maintain investment grade (i.e. A or above) bond ratings, (3) offset significant economic downturns or revenue shortfalls, and (4) provide funds for unforeseen expenditures related to emergencies.

By a super majority vote of the Commission, supplemental appropriation from unassigned General Fund fund balance may be authorized by the Commission for a General Fund purpose reducing the unassigned General Fund fund balance below the 20% minimum provided that the assigned General Fund fund balance is restored to the minimum in the following year budget.

At September 30, 2015, the City's governmental fund balances were as follows:

	G	General		Road ovements	Solid V	/aste/	TLBD	Debt	_	other rnmental	Gov	Total /ernmental
Fund Balances		Fund		Fund	Recy		Serv			unds		Funds
Nonspendable												
Inventory/prepaid	\$	186,814	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,969	\$	189,783
Advances		146,380		-		-		-		-		146,380
Spendable												
Restricted for:												
Physical environment		-	2	2,847,217		-		-	4,	229,463		7,076,680
Public safety		-		-		-		-	2,0	027,038		2,027,038
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		820,927		820,927
Debt service		-		-		-	189	,959	1,	189,848		1,379,807
Committed to:												
Solid Waste		-		-	78	2,335		-		-		782,335
Arbor		-		-		-		-	:	249,193		249,193
Assigned to:												
Storm reserve		=		=	44	3,250		-		-		448,250
Emergency Disaster												
Relief		-		-	79	3,397		-		-		793,397
Debt service		-		-		-		-	1,0	086,070		1,086,070
Capital projects		-		-		-		-	3,	177,880		3,177,880
Unassigned	8	,162,587		-		-		-	(129,240)		8,033,347
Total Fund Balance	\$8	,495,781	\$ 2	2,847,217	\$2,02	3,982	\$ 189	,959	\$12,0	654,148	\$2	6,211,087

Note 17 - Subsequent Events:

The City has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the independent auditors' report, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

September 30, 2015

Retiree Continuation Insurance Plan

Schedule of Funding Progress

	Actuarial		Actuarial Accrued					UAAL as a % of
Actuarial Valuation	Value of Assets		ability (AAL) Entry Age		nfunded L (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a) / c
7/1/2009**	\$ -	. \$	505,000	\$	505,000	0.0%	\$9,230,000	5.5%
10/1/2011	-		754,000		754,000	0.0%	7,441,000	10.1%
10/1/2013	-		1,016,000	1	,016,000	0.0%	7,665,000	13.3%
12/1/2015	-		1,079,000	1	,079,000	0.0%	7,853,000	13.7%
** initial valua	tion date							

Schedule of Contributions from Employers and Other Contributing Entities

			Percentage of	
		Annual Required	ARC	Net OPEB
	Fiscal Year Ending	Contribution (ARC)	Contributed	Obligation
•	9/30/2010	\$ 98,000	17.0%	\$ 155,000
	9/30/2011	133,000	44.0%	222,000
	9/30/2012	137,000	43.0%	290,000
	9/30/2013	160,000	42.0%	368,000
	9/30/2014	163,000	42.0%	445,000
	9/30/2015	176,000	32.0%	545,000

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

September 30, 2015

	9/30/2014	9/30/2015
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Benefit Changes	\$ 886,819 3,666,120	\$ 834,402 3,851,130
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions	(581,481) -	(107,513) 8,107
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability-beginning Total Pension Liability-ending (a)	\$ (1,974,208) 1,997,250 46,508,261 48,505,511	\$ (2,202,769) 2,383,357 48,505,511 50,888,868
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions-employer Contributions-employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expense	2,527,508 369,500 3,885,344 (1,974,208) (159,424)	2,392,948 358,106 5,160 (2,202,769) (11,937)
Other Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 4,648,720	 541,508
Plan Fiduciary Net Position- beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position- ending (b)	\$ 32,172,541 36,821,261	\$ 36,821,261 37,362,769
Net Pension Liability - ending (a)- (b)	\$ 11,684,250	\$ 13,526,099
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	75.91%	73.42%
Covered-employee Payroll*	\$ 8,084,054	\$ 7,840,934
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	144.53%	172.51%
Valuation Date	10/1/2013	10/1/2014

Notes to Schedule: Updated procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date.

No benefit changes during the year.

^{*} Gross pay as reported for Actuarial Valuation-GASB 67 references total payroll

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

September 30, 2015

	9/30/2014	9/30/2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 2,474,578	\$ 2,230,908
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 2,527,508 (52,930)	\$ 2,392,948 (162,040)
Covered Employee Payroll	8,084,054	7,840,934
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	31.27%	30.52%
Notes to Schedule		

Valuation Date 10/1/2013 10/1/2014

Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Level dollar, closed Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.00% 3.0% - 7.5% Salary Increases

Investment Rate of Return 8%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition

Mortality For health General Employee participants, the RP-2000 Combined

> Mortality Table was used with separate rates for males and females and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale AA. For healthy Firefighter and Police Officer participants, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment was used with separate rates for males and females and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale AA. For disabled participants, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table was used with separate rates for males and females and fully generational mortality improvements projected to each

future decrement date with Scale AA.

Benefit Changes 2011: Plan closed to future general employees; pensionable earnings to

> base pay, overtime-maximum 150 hours and accrued leave balance as of July 1, 2011; vesting schedule updated; unreduced early retirement eligibility updated; final average pay updated to five year average and future service benefit accrual rate reduced for general employees. 2008:

Benefit accrual rate increased.

Assumption Changes 2014: Disability rates updated. 2008: Mortality, salary increase,

withdrawal, disability and retirement rates updated; administrative

expense assumption introduced and actuarial cost method updated.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

September 30, 2015

	9/30/2014	9/30/2015
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return		_
Net of Investment Expense	9.75%	0.28%

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Debt Service Funds

TLBD Debt Service Fund

 This fund was established to account for the accumulation of principal and interest for the 2001 special assessment bond issue which was refinanced in October 2011 with a private placement note payable. This page intentionally left blank.



TLBD DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Actual	Fina	ance with I Budget - ositive
	 riginal	. ,	Final	_	mounts	-	egative)
Revenues:							,
Impact fees/assessments	\$ 138,724	\$	138,724	\$	82,124	\$	(56,600)
Investment income	1,050		1,050		53,780		52,730
Miscellaneous	_				4,365		4,365
Total revenues	139,774		139,774		140,269		495
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Physical environment	4,600		4,600		4,199		401
Debt Service:							
Principal	82,124		82,124		82,124		-
Interest and other charges	52,550		52,550		52,528		22
Capital Outlay							
Physical environment	40,000		40,000		37,393		2,607
Total expenditures	 179,274		179,274		176,244		3,030
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
Expenditures	 (39,500)		(39,500)		(35,975)		3,525
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out	(500)		(500)		(500)		
Total other financing sources and uses	(500)		(500)		(500)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(40,000)		(40,000)		(36,475)		3,525
Fund Balances - beginning	226,434		226,434		226,434		
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 186,434	\$	186,434	\$	189,959	\$	3,525

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Police Education Fund

 This fund is used to account for the \$2.00 additional assessment on each traffic citation that is restricted for criminal justice education and training in accordance with Chapter 938.15, Florida Statutes.

Special Law Enforcement Trust Fund - Local

 This fund was established to receive revenues from local sources derived from confiscated property obtained during the enforcement of illegal operations. Proceeds are restricted for law enforcement purposes.

Transportation Improvement Fund

 Revenues in this fund are derived from Local Option Gasoline Tax distribution. Proceeds are restricted for road, right of way, and drainage maintenance and equipment necessary to build or maintain roads, right of ways, and drainage.

Transportation Impact Fee Fund

 This fund is used to account for collected impact fees on new development which are restricted for use in funding road construction directly related to new growth.

Police Impact Fee Fund

 This fund is used to account for collected impact fees on new development which are restricted for use in funding capital investment needed to maintain the level of police service directly related to new growth.

Fire Impact Fee Fund

 This fund is used to account for collected impact fees on new development to defray the cost of capital investment needed to maintain the level of fire service due to future growth.

Parks Impact Fee Fund

 This fund is used to account for collected impact fees on new development which are restricted for use in funding capital investment needed to develop and improve the parks directly related to new growth.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued

Special Revenue Funds - Continued

Arbor Fund

- This fund is used to account for arbor permit revenues committed to new plantings and maintenance of trees and shrubs within the City.

TLBD Maintenance Fund

This fund is used to account for collected special assessments restricted for maintenance related to the Tuscawilla Lighting and Beautification District for Phases I and II of project. Phase II was accounted for in a separate fund prior to Fiscal Year 2008.

Oak Forest Maintenance Fund

- This fund is used to account for collected special assessments restricted for maintenance related to the Oak Forest subdivision wall.

Special Law Enforcement Trust Fund - Federal

This fund was established to receive revenues from federal sources derived from confiscated property obtained during the enforcement of illegal operations. Proceeds are restricted for law enforcement purposes. Such purposes may include drug/gang related education, Shop with a Cop, movie and other civic events.

Tuscawilla Phase III

This fund is used to account for collected special assessments restricted for maintenance related to the Tuscawilla Phases III, and repayment of advance from General Fund.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued

Debt Service Funds

2003 Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest for the 2003 bond issue which was refinanced in July 2014 with a private placement note payable.

1999 Debt Service Fund

 This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest for the 1999 bond issue and Improvement Refunding Note Series 2011, which partially refunded the 1999 bond issue.

Oak Forest Debt Service Fund

 This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest to the General Fund for the 2010 interfund loan which paid off the Capital Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2004A.

TLBD Phase II Debt Service Fund

 This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest for the TLBD Phase II Improvements.

Central Winds G.O. Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest for the 2002 limited general obligation bond which was refinanced in May 2012 with private placement note payable.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued

Capital Projects Funds

1999 Construction Capital Projects Fund	-	This fund was established for the acquisition and construction of City - owned Capital Improvements.
Revolving Rehab Capital Projects Fund	-	This fund was established to fund capital improvements and economic development within the City.
Utility/Public Works Facility Fund	-	This fund was established to account for construction of additional public facilities.
Excellence in Customer Service	-	This fund was established to account for the acquisition of software and equipment to improve the level of customer service performance.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2015

				Speci	ial Re	venue		
			Spe	ecial Law				
		Police		orcement		nsportation		
		ucation		st Fund-	lm	provement		nsportation
		Fund		Local		Fund	Impa	act Fee Fund
Assets:	_							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	496	\$	1,854	\$	134,970	\$	146,682
Investments		6,363		23,799		1,732,569		1,882,914
Prepaid expenses		1,560		-		1,409		-
Special assessments receivable		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents				1,713		-		-
Total assets	\$	8,419	\$	27,366	\$	1,868,948	\$	2,029,596
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,350	\$	308	\$	41,088	\$	2,397
Due to other funds	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	2,007
Total liabilities		1,350		308		41,088		2,397
Total habilities		.,000				11,000	-	2,007
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue-special assessments		-		_		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		-						-
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		1,560		-		1,409		-
Restricted		5,509		27,058		1,826,451		2,027,199
Committed				-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		_		-
Total fund balances		7,069		27,058		1,827,860		2,027,199
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	8,419	\$	27,366	\$	1,868,948	\$	2,029,596

Special Revenue

Police Impact Fee Fund			ire Impact Fee Fund		ks Impact ee Fund	Arbor Fund		Ma ——	TLBD intenance Fund
\$	15,973 205,037	\$	123,935 1,590,910	\$	\$ 59,330 761,597		18,026 231,392	\$	23,512 301,817
	203,037		1,030,310		-		201,002		-
	-		-		-		-		-
\$	221,010	\$	1,714,845	\$	820,927	\$	249,418	\$	325,329
Ψ	221,010	Ψ	1,7 14,043	Ψ	020,921	Ψ	249,410	Ψ	323,323
\$		\$		\$		\$	225	\$	11,578
φ	_	Φ	_	Φ	-	φ	-	φ	11,576
	-		-		-		225		11,578
	-		-		-		-		-
								-	
	- 221,010		- 1,714,845		- 820,927		-		- 313,751
	-		-		-		249,193		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	221,010		1,714,845		820,927		249,193		313,751
\$	221,010	\$	1,714,845	\$	820,927	\$	249,418	\$	325,329

(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2015

				Special	Reven	iue		
•			Spe	ecial Law				
	Oa	k Forest	-	orcement				
	Mai	ntenance	Tru	st Fund -	Tu	scawilla	To	tal Special
		Fund		ederal		hase III		Revenue
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,585	\$	4,424	\$	537	\$	534,324
Investments	Ť	58,850	,	56,788	,	6,896	•	6,858,932
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		2,969
Special assessments receivable		_		_		_		_,000
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		_		_		_		1,713
Total assets	\$	63,435	\$	61,212	\$	7,433	\$	7,397,938
,	•					,	_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,373	\$	2,596	\$	375	\$	61,290
Due to other funds		-		-		58,848		58,848
Total liabilities		1,373		2,596		59,223		120,138
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue-special assessments		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		2,969
Restricted		62,062		58,616		-		7,077,428
Committed		-		-		-		249,193
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned						(51,790)		(51,790)
Total fund balances		62,062		58,616		(51,790)		7,277,800
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	63,435	\$	61,212	\$	7,433	\$	7,397,938

Debt Service

					Debt S	ervi	ce					
				Ο:	ak Forest	v	Central Vinds GO	TI	BD Phase			
20	003 Debt	19	999 Debt		bt Service		ebt Service		II Debt	Total Debt		
	vice Fund		vice Fund		Fund	•	Fund		vice Fund			
\$ 830,011 45,664		\$	207,306 3,089	\$	777 9,981	\$	84,342 1,082,673	\$	1,662 21,328	\$	1,124,098 1,162,735	
	-		-		404,079		-		- 132,804		536,883	
\$	- 875,675	\$	210,395	\$	414,837	\$	1,167,015	\$	155,794	\$	2,823,716	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	676 87,532	\$	-	\$	157	\$	833 87,532	
	-		-		88,208	_			157		88,365	
			<u>-</u>		404,079 404,079		<u>-</u>		132,804 132,804		536,883 536,883	
	-		-		-		1,167,015		22,833		1,189,848	
	875,675		210,395		- - (77,450)		-		-		1,086,070 (77,450)	
	875,675		210,395		(77,450)	_	1,167,015		22,833		(77,450) 2,198,468	
\$	875,675	\$	210,395	\$	414,837	\$	1,167,015	\$	155,794	\$	2,823,716	

(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2015

	Capital Projects							
		1999 Construction Fund		Revolving Rehab Fund		Utility/Public Works Facility Fund		ellence in ustomer Service
Assets:	_						_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	66,524	\$	78,465	\$	67,897	\$	22,645
Investments		853,951		1,007,225		871,579		290,687
Prepaid expenses Special assessments receivable		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:		-		-		-		_
Cash and cash equivalents		_		_		_		_
Total assets	\$	920,475	\$	1,085,690	\$	939,476	\$	313,332
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	81,093
Due to other funds	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	-
Total liabilities		-				-		81,093
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue-special assessments Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned		920,475		1,085,690		939,476		232,239
Unassigned Total fund balances	-	920,475	-	1,085,690	-	939,476	-	232,239
Total falla balances		020,170		1,000,000		000,170		202,200
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	Φ.	000 475	Φ	4 005 000	Φ.	000 470	Φ.	040.000
resources and fund balances	\$	920,475	_\$_	1,085,690	\$	939,476	\$	313,332

		Tot	al Nonmajor
To	tal Capital	Go	overnmental
	Projects		Funds
\$	235,531	\$	1,893,953
	3,023,442		11,045,109
	-		2,969
	-		536,883
	-	_	1,713
\$	3,258,973	\$	13,480,627
\$	81,093	\$	143,216
	-		146,380
	81,093		289,596
			500,000
			536,883
			536,883
	-		2,969
	-		8,267,276
	-		249,193
	3,177,880		4,263,950
	-		(129,240)
	3,177,880		12,654,148
	· · ·		
\$	3,258,973	\$	13,480,627

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue					
	Police Education Fund	Special Law Enforcement Trust Fund- Local	Transportation Improvement Fund	Transportation Impact Fee Fund		
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Permits and fees	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	584,503	-		
Charges for services	-	-	15,286	-		
Fines and forfeitures	9,312	20,333	-	-		
Impact fees/assessments	-	-	-	907,567		
Investment income	66	201	3,641	9,055		
Miscellaneous	20	-	-	-		
Total revenues	9,398	20,534	603,430	916,622		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	16,744	14,872	-	-		
Physical environment	-	-	145,316	50,695		
Debt Service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-		
Capital Outlay:						
General government	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	-	6,050	-	-		
Physical environment	-	-	289,597	5,200		
Culture and recreation		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Total expenditures	16,744	20,922	434,913	55,895		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	(=)	(2.2.2)				
Expenditures	(7,346)	(388)	168,517	860,727		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	1,308,747	-		
Transfers out	-	<u> </u>	(280,000)			
Total other financing sources(uses)	-	·	1,028,747			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,346)	(388)	1,197,264	860,727		
Fund Balances - beginning	14,415	27,446	630,596	1,166,472		
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 7,069	\$ 27,058	\$ 1,827,860	\$ 2,027,199		

Special Revenue

	Police Impact Fee Fund		Fire Impact Fee Fund		ks Impact ee Fund	Arbor Fund		Main	LBD tenance und
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		2,883		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	161,862		321,117		535,200		-		509,091
	922		8,887		3,041		1,418		3,295
	162,784		330,004		538,241		4,301		512,386
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		12,775		-		-		-
	-		-		-		26,195		434,255
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	_		-		83,442		-		_
	-		12,775		83,442		26,195		434,255
	162,784		317,229		454,799		(21,894)		78,131
	-		-		-		(22, 422)		- (E2 E60)
-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				(32,422)		(53,560) (53,560)
							(02, 122)		(00,000)
	162,784		317,229		454,799		(54,316)		24,571
	58,226		1,397,616		366,128		303,509		289,180
\$	221,010	\$	1,714,845	\$	820,927	\$	249,193	\$	313,751
							<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue					
		Special Law				
	Oak Forest	Enforcement				
	Maintenance	Trust Fund -	Tuscawilla			
_	Fund	Federal	Phase III	Total		
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Permits and fees		-	-	2,883		
Intergovernmental revenues		- 3,109	-	587,612		
Charges for services		-	-	15,286		
Fines and forfeitures		- 33,570	-	63,215		
Impact fees/assessments	55,936	-	12,218	2,502,991		
Investment income	356	3 443	156	31,481		
Miscellaneous	3,500	<u> </u>		3,520		
Total revenues	59,792	2 37,122	12,374	3,206,988		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		-	4,399	4,399		
Public safety		- 39,314	-	83,705		
Physical environment	38,608		-	695,069		
Debt Service:						
Principal		-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges		. <u>-</u>	1,763	1,763		
Capital Outlay:						
General government		-	2,616	2,616		
Public safety		- 29,728	-	35,778		
Physical environment			-	294,797		
Culture and recreation		-	-	83,442		
Total expenditures	38,608	69,042	8,778	1,201,569		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	21,184	(31,920)	3,596	2,005,419		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		-	-	1,308,747		
Transfers out	(10,688	(4,825)	(1,715)	(383,210)		
Total other financing sources(uses)	(10,688	(4,825)	(1,715)	925,537		
Net Change in Fund Balances	10,496	(36,745)	1,881	2,930,956		
Fund Balances - Beginning	51,566	95,361	(53,671)	4,346,844		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 62,062	\$ 58,616	\$ (51,790)	\$ 7,277,800		

Debt Service

				Dent	Servic					
2003 Debt Service Fund S		1999 Debt Service Fund		Forest Debt			TLBD Phase II Debt Service Fund		Total Debt Service	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	185,527	\$	-	\$	185,527
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		_
	-	-		19,047		-		22,882		41,929
	2,824	624		18,074		839		3,656		26,017
	<u> </u>			15,416		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		15,416
	2,824	624		52,537		186,366		26,538		268,889
	-	-		-		-		913		913
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		3,990		-		-		3,990
	209,000	181,796		-		108,672		28,350		527,818
	19,664	22,476		3,248		88,984		3,374		137,746
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		4,000		-		-		4,000
	-	-		-,000		-		-		-,000
	228,664	204,272		11,238		197,656		32,637		674,467
	(225,840)	(203,648)		41,299		(11,290)		(6,099)		(405,578)
	825,400	217,000		-		1,153,000		-		2,195,400
	-			(500)				(500)		(1,000)
	825,400	217,000		(500)		1,153,000		(500)		2,194,400
	599,560	13,352		40,799		1,141,710		(6,599)		1,788,822
	276,115	197,043		(118,249)		25,305		29,432		409,646
\$	875,675	\$ 210,395	\$	(77,450)	\$	1,167,015	\$	22,833	\$	2,198,468
	,		· <u>-</u>	, ,,,,,,,,		,,	-	,	<u> </u>	,,

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Capital	Project	s		
	Co	1999 nstruction Fund	Revolving ehab Fund		lity/Public ks Facility Fund	С	ellence in ustomer Service
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Permits and fees		-	-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		-	-		-		-
Charges for services		-	-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-	-		-		-
Impact fees/assessments		-	-		-		-
Investment income		6,471	6,662		7,245		1,535
Miscellaneous		-			-		
Total revenues		6,471	 6,662		7,245		1,535
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		-	-		-		5,519
Public safety		-	-		-		-
Physical environment		-	-		-		-
Debt Service:							
Principal		-	-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-		-		-
Capital Outlay:							
General government		-	-		-		112,762
Public safety		-	-		-		-
Physical environment		5,290	-		40,500		-
Culture and recreation		-			-		
Total expenditures		5,290	 		40,500		118,281
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over		1 101	6 660		(33,255)		(116.746)
Expenditures		1,181	 6,662		(33,233)		(116,746)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		-	-		-		287,309
Transfers out		-	 -				
Total other financing sources(uses)		-	-		-		287,309
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,181	6,662		(33,255)		170,563
Fund Balances - Beginning		919,294	1,079,028		972,731		61,676
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	920,475	\$ 1,085,690	\$	939,476	\$	232,239

otal Capital Projects	tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$ _	\$ 185,527
-	2,883
-	587,612
-	15,286
-	63,215
-	2,544,920
21,913	79,411
 -	 18,936
 21,913	 3,497,790
5,519	10,831
-	83,705
-	699,059
-	527,818
-	139,509
112,762	115,378
, -	35,778
45,790	344,587
-	83,442
164,071	2,040,107
 (142,158)	 1,457,683
287,309	3,791,456
 -	 (384,210)
 287,309	3,407,246
145,151	4,864,929
 3,032,729	7,789,219
\$ 3,177,880	\$ 12,654,148

POLICE EDUCATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	0	riginal		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	8,000	\$	12,107	\$	9,312	\$	(2,795)
Investment income		25		25		66		41
Miscellaneous		-		-		20		20
Total revenues		8,025		12,132		9,398		(2,734)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public Safety		18,000		18,000		16,744		1,256
Total expenditures		18,000		18,000		16,744		1,256
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		(9,975)		(5,868)		(7,346)		(1,478)
Net change in fund balances		(9,975)		(5,868)		(7,346)		(1,478)
Fund Balances - beginning		14,415		14,415		14,415		
Fund Balances - ending	\$	4,440	\$	8,547	\$	7,069	\$	(1,478)

SPECIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND - LOCAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
Revenues:					
Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	\$ 19,737	\$ 20,333	\$ 596	
Investment income	60	60	201	141	
Total revenues	60	19,797	20,534	737	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public Safety	16,715	16,715	14,872	1,843	
Capital Outlay					
Public Safety	6,050	6,050	6,050		
Total expenditures	22,765	22,765	20,922	1,843	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	(22,705)	(2,968)	(388)	2,580	
Net change in fund balances	(22,705)	(2,968)	(388)	2,580	
Fund Balances - beginning	27,446	27,446	27,446	<u>-</u> _	
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 4,741	\$ 24,478	\$ 27,058	\$ 2,580	

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
Revenues:		_			
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 586,607	\$ 586,607	\$ 584,503	\$ (2,104)	
Charges for services	14,800	14,800	15,286	486	
Investment income	2,000	2,000	3,641	1,641	
Total revenues	603,407	603,407	603,430	23	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Physical environment	317,300	245,800	145,316	100,484	
Capital Outlay					
Physical environment	266,200	480,475	289,597	190,878	
Total expenditures	583,500	726,275	434,913	291,362	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	19,907	(122,868)	168,517	291,385	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-	1,308,747	1,308,747	-	
Transfers out	(280,000	(280,000)	(280,000)	-	
Total other financing sources and uses	(280,000	1,028,747	1,028,747	-	
Net change in fund balances	(260,093	905,879	1,197,264	291,385	
Fund Balances - beginning	630,596	630,596	630,596	<u>-</u> _	
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 370,503	\$ 1,536,475	\$ 1,827,860	\$ 291,385	

TRANSPORTATION IMPACT FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
Revenues:					
Impact fees/assessments	\$ -	\$ 722,321	\$ 907,567	\$ 185,246	
Investment income	2,900	2,900	9,055	6,155	
Total revenues	2,900	725,221	916,622	191,401	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Physical environment	76,000	76,000	50,695	25,305	
Capital Outlay					
Physical environment	800,000	5,200	5,200		
Total expenditures	876,000	81,200	55,895	25,305	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	(873,100)	644,021	860,727	216,706	
Net change in fund balances	(873,100)	644,021	860,727	216,706	
Fund Balances - beginning	1,166,472	1,166,472	1,166,472	<u> </u>	
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 293,372	\$ 1,810,493	\$ 2,027,199	\$ 216,706	

POLICE IMPACT FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted Priginal	Amo	Amounts Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		_				_			
Impact fees/assessments	\$	-	\$	103,125	\$	161,862	\$	58,737	
Investment income		145		145		922		777	
Total revenues		145		103,270		162,784		59,514	
Expenditures: Current:									
Public Safety									
•		<u>-</u>							
Total expenditures									
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
Expenditures	-	145_		103,270		162,784		59,514	
Net change in fund balances		145		103,270		162,784		59,514	
Fund Balances - beginning		58,226		58,226		58,226		-	
Fund Balances - ending	\$	58,371	\$	161,496	\$	221,010	\$	59,514	

FIRE IMPACT FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:				(itoguito)	
Impact fees/assessments	\$ -	\$ 237,300	\$ 321,117	\$ 83,817	
Investment income	6,600	6,600	8,887	2,287	
Total revenues	6,600	243,900	330,004	86,104	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public Safety	25,000	25,000	12,775	12,225	
Total Expenditures	25,000	25,000	12,775	12,225	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	(18,400)	218,900	317,229	98,329	
Net change in fund balances	(18,400)	218,900	317,229	98,329	
Fund Balances - beginning	1,397,616	1,397,616	1,397,616	-	
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 1,379,216	\$ 1,616,516	\$ 1,714,845	\$ 98,329	

PARKS IMPACT FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Impact fees/assessments	\$	-	\$	432,000	\$	535,200	\$	103,200
Investment income		600		600		3,041		2,441
Total revenues		600		432,600		538,241		105,641
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay								
Culture and recreation		8,000		113,892		83,442		30,450
Total expenditures		8,000		113,892		83,442		30,450
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		(7,400)	-	318,708		454,799	-	136,091
Net change in fund balances		(7,400)		318,708		454,799		136,091
Fund Balances - beginning		366,128		366,128		366,128		-
Fund Balances - ending	\$	358,728	\$	684,836	\$	820,927	\$	136,091

ARBOR FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts			Variance with Final Budget -		
	C	Original		Final	Actual Amounts		-	ositive egative)	
Revenues:									
Permits and fees	\$	9,500	\$	9,500	\$	2,883	\$	(6,617)	
Fines and forfeitures		10,000		10,000		-		(10,000)	
Investment income		1,250		1,250		1,418		168	
Total revenues		20,750		20,750		4,301		(16,449)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Physical environment		47,250		47,250		26,195		21,055	
Total expenditures		47,250		47,250		26,195		21,055	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
Expenditures		(26,500)		(26,500)		(21,894)		4,606	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers out		(37,316)		(32,422)		(32,422)		-	
Total other financing sources and uses		(37,316)		(32,422)		(32,422)		-	
Net change in fund balances		(63,816)		(58,922)		(54,316)		4,606	
Fund Balances - beginning		303,509		303,509		303,509		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balances - ending	\$	239,693	\$	244,587	\$	249,193	\$	4,606	

TLBD MAINTENANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts				nce with Budget -
	0	riginal		Final	Actual Amounts		_	sitive gative)
Revenues:								
Impact fees/assessments	\$	507,663	\$	507,663	\$	509,091	\$	1,428
Investment income		1,000		1,000		3,295		2,295
Total revenues		508,663		508,663		512,386		3,723
Expenditures: Current:								
Physical environment		439,950		439,950		434,255		5,695
Total expenditures	1	439,950		439,950		434,255		5,695
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	1	.00,000		.00,000		101,200		0,000
Expenditures		68,713		68,713		78,131		9,418
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(56,022)		(56,022)		(53,560)		2,462
Total other financing sources and uses		(56,022)		(56,022)		(53,560)		2,462
Net change in fund balances		12,691		12,691		24,571		11,880
Fund Balances - beginning	-	289,180		289,180		289,180	-	-
Fund Balances - ending	\$	301,871	\$	301,871	\$	313,751	\$	11,880

OAK FOREST MAINTENANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	l Amoı	unts	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
	o	riginal		Final				
Revenues:								
Impact fees/assessments	\$	55,725	\$	55,725	\$	55,936	\$	211
Investment income		300		300		356		56
Miscellaneous		-		4,100		3,500		(600)
Total revenues		56,025		60,125		59,792		(333)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Physical environment		41,300		45,400		38,608		6,792
Total expenditures		41,300		45,400		38,608		6,792
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		14,725		14,725		21,184		6,459
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(11,786)		(11,786)		(10,688)		1,098
Total other financing sources and uses		(11,786)		(11,786)		(10,688)		1,098
Net change in fund balances		2,939		2,939		10,496		7,557
Fund Balances - beginning		51,566		51,566		51,566		
Fund Balances - ending	\$	54,505	\$	54,505	\$	62,062	\$	7,557

SPECIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND - FEDERAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues:				(reguire)		
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ -	\$ 3,109	\$ 3,109	\$ -		
Fines and forfeitures	-	34,749	33,570	(1,179)		
Investment income	130	130	443	313		
Total revenues	130	37,988	37,122	(866)		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety	31,700	39,357	39,314	43		
Capital Outlay						
Public Safety	11,775	30,465	29,728	737		
Total expenditures	43,475	69,822	69,042	780		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	(43,345)	(31,834)	(31,920)	(86)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out		(4,825)	(4,825)			
Total other financing sources and uses		(4,825)	(4,825)	-		
Net change in fund balances	(43,345)	(36,659)	(36,745)	(86)		
Fund Balances - beginning	95,361	95,361	95,361	<u> </u>		
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 52,016	\$ 58,702	\$ 58,616	\$ (86)		

TUSCAWILLA PHASE III SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	0	riginal		Final	Αı	mounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:								<u> </u>
Impact fees/assessments	\$	12,162	\$	12,162	\$	12,218	\$	56
Investment income		20		20		156		136
Total revenues		12,182		12,182		12,374		192
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		5,570		5,570		4,399		1,171
Debt Service:								
Principal		2,471		2,471		-		2,471
Interest and other charges		1,763		1,763		1,763		-
Capital Outlay								
General government		_		3,000		2,616	-	384
Total expenditures		9,804		12,804		8,778		4,026
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		2,378		(622)		3,596		4,218
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(1,837)		(1,837)		(1,715)		(122)
Total other financing sources and uses		(1,837)		(1,837)		(1,715)		(122)
Net change in fund balances		541		(2,459)		1,881		4,340
Fund Balances - beginning		(53,671)		(53,671)		(53,671)		
Fund Balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	(53,130)	\$	(56,130)	\$	(51,790)	\$	4,340

2003 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
		_	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Investment income	\$ 2,200	\$ 2,200	\$ 2,824	\$ 624
Total revenues	2,200	2,200	2,824	624
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	2,500	2,500	-	2,500
Debt Service:				
Principal	209,000	209,000	209,000	-
Interest and other charges	19,700	19,700	19,664	36
Total expenditures	231,200	231,200	228,664	2,536
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	(229,000)	(229,000)	(225,840)	3,160
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	885,400	825,400	825,400	-
Total other financing sources and uses	885,400	825,400	825,400	
Net change in fund balances	656,400	596,400	599,560	3,160
Fund Balances - beginning	276,115	276,115	276,115	
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 932,515	\$ 872,515	\$ 875,675	\$ 3,160

1999 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Original	Tillai	Airiourito	(Negative)
Investment income	\$ 500	\$ 500	\$ 624	\$ 124
Total revenues	500	500	624	124
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	2,500	2,500	-	2,500
Debt Service:				
Principal	181,800	181,800	181,796	4
Interest and other charges	22,475	22,475	22,476	(1)
Total expenditures	206,775	206,775	204,272	2,503
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	(206,275)	(206,275)	(203,648)	2,627
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	217,000	217,000	217,000	-
Total other financing sources and uses	217,000	217,000	217,000	
Net change in fund balances	10,725	10,725	13,352	2,627
Fund Balances - beginning	197,043	197,043	197,043	
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 207,768	\$ 207,768	\$ 210,395	\$ 2,627

OAK FOREST DEBT SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Or	riginal		Final		mounts	(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Impact fees/assessments	\$	52,132	\$	52,132	\$	19,047	\$	(33,085)	
Investment income		65		65		18,074		18,009	
Miscellaneous		-				15,416		15,416	
Total revenues		52,197		52,197		52,537		340	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Physical environment		4,150		4,150		3,990		160	
Debt Service:									
Principal		48,752		48,752		-		48,752	
Interest and other charges		3,248		3,248		3,248		-	
Capital Outlay									
Physical environment		4,000		4,000		4,000			
Total expenditures		60,150		60,150		11,238		48,912	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
Expenditures		(7,953)		(7,953)		41,299		49,252	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers out		(500)		(500)		(500)			
Total other financing sources and uses		(500)		(500)		(500)			
Net change in fund balances		(8,453)		(8,453)		40,799		49,252	
Fund Balances - beginning	Φ.	(118,249)	<u> </u>	(118,249)	Ф.	(118,249)	Ф.	- 40.050	
Fund Balances - ending	\$	(126,702)	\$	(126,702)	\$	(77,450)	\$	49,252	

CENTRAL WINDS GO DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

						Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Α	mounts	(N	egative)	
	0	riginal		Final		_		<u>.</u>	
Revenues:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	185,028	\$	185,028	\$	185,527	\$	499	
Investment income		100		100		839		739	
Total revenues		185,128		185,128		186,366		1,238	
Expenditures:									
Debt Service:									
Principal		108,700		108,700		108,672		28	
Interest and fiscal charges		92,500		92,500		88,984		3,516	
Total expenditures		201,200		201,200		197,656		3,544	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
Expenditures		(16,072)		(16,072)		(11,290)		4,782	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		13,000		1,273,000		1,153,000		120,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		13,000		1,273,000		1,153,000		120,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(3,072)		1,256,928		1,141,710		(115,218)	
Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	\$	25,305 22,233	\$	25,305 1,282,233	\$	25,305 1,167,015	\$	- (115,218)	

TLBD PHASE II DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	l Amoı	unts	Δ	ctual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	0	riginal		Final	Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Impact fees/assessments	\$	26,263	\$	26,263	\$	22,882	\$	(3,381)	
Investment income		125		125		3,656		3,531	
Miscellaneous				_		-			
Total revenues		26,388		26,388		26,538		150	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		1,050		1,050		913		137	
Debt Service:									
Principal		28,350		28,350		28,350		-	
Interest and other charges		3,376		3,376		3,374		2	
Total expenditures		32,776		32,776		32,637		139	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
Expenditures		(6,388)		(6,388)		(6,099)		289	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers out		(500)		(500)		(500)		-	
Total other financing sources and uses		(500)		(500)		(500)			
Net change in fund balances		(6,888)		(6,888)		(6,599)		289	
Fund Balances - beginning		29,432		29,432		29,432	-		
Fund Balances - ending	\$	22,544	\$	22,544	\$	22,833	\$	289	

1999 CONSTRUCTION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Investment income	\$ 2,300	\$ 2,300	\$ 6,471	\$ 4,171		
Total revenues	2,300	2,300	6,471	4,171		
Expenditures:						
Capital Outlay	4 040 000	450.000	5.000	444740		
Physical environment	1,219,000	150,000	5,290	144,710		
Total expenditures	1,219,000	150,000	5,290	144,710		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	(1,216,700)	(147,700)	1,181	148,881		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	300,000	-	-	-		
Total other financing sources and uses	300,000	-	-	-		
Net change in fund balances	(916,700)	(147,700)	1,181	148,881		
Fund Balances - beginning	919,294	919,294	919,294	<u>-</u> _		
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 2,594	\$ 771,594	\$ 920,475	\$ 148,881		

REVOLVING REHAB FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

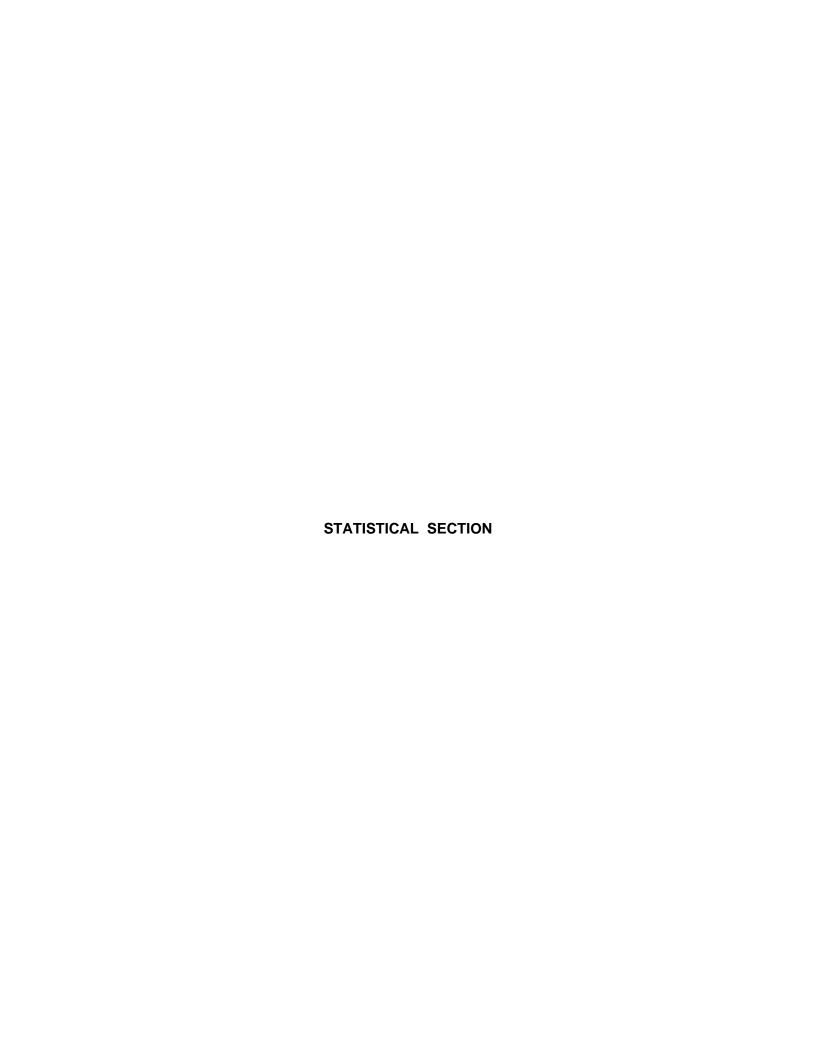
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual nounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		gillai		· ······			(110	gativoj
Investment income	\$	5,400	\$	5,400	\$	6,662	\$	1,262
Total revenues		5,400		5,400		6,662		1,262
Expenditures: Current:								
General government								-
Total expenditures		-						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		5,400		5,400		6,662		1,262
Net change in fund balances		5,400		5,400		6,662		1,262
Fund Balances - beginning Fund Balances - ending		079,028 084,428	\$	1,079,028 1,084,428		,079,028	\$	1,262

UTILITY/PUBLIC WORKS FACILITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				(Freguerry)
Investment income	\$ 2,100	\$ 2,100	\$ 7,245	\$ 5,145
Total revenues	2,100	2,100	7,245	5,145
Expenditures: Capital Outlay				
Physical environment	875,000	44,000	40,500	3,500
Total expenditures	875,000	44,000	40,500	3,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Expenditures	(872,900)	(41,900)	(33,255)	8,645
Net change in fund balances	(872,900)	(41,900)	(33,255)	8,645
Fund Balances - beginning Fund Balances - ending	972,731 \$ 99,831	972,731 \$ 930,831	972,731 \$ 939,476	\$ 8,645

EXCELLENCE IN CUSTOMER SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	<u> </u>		7	(itoguiivo/
Investment income	\$ 200	\$ 200	\$ 1,535	\$ 1,335
Total revenues	200	200	1,535	1,335
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	-	5,650	5,519	131
Capital Outlay				
General government	126,598	186,048	112,762	73,286
Total expenditures	126,598	191,698	118,281	73,417
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	(126,398)	(191,498)	(116,746)	74,752
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	124,000	287,309	287,309	
Total other financing sources and uses	124,000	287,309	287,309	
Net change in fund balances	(2,398)	95,811	170,563	74,752
Fund Balances - beginning	61,676	61,676	61,676	
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 59,278	\$ 157,487	\$ 232,239	\$ 74,752



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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the *City of Winter Springs*' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the government's overall health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial	Trends	115
	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue	Capacity	122
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue.	
Debt Cap	acity	127
	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
	There are no limitations placed upon the amount of debt the <i>City of Winter Springs</i> may issue by either the City's Charter or the City's Code or by Florida Statutes.	
Demogra	phic and Economic Information	133
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating	g Information	135
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year															
		2006		2007		2008		2009		<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>
Governmental activities																
Net investment in capital assets	\$	29,401	\$	37,530	\$	39,371	\$	40,701	\$	42,819	\$ 43,961	\$ 40,328	\$ 44,711	\$ 45,826	\$	45,650
Restricted		11,078		8,714		8,778		8,298		8,229	8,287	8,305	8,963	8,802		12,336
Unrestricted		13,666		17,432		14,468		13,794		14,349	 13,241	 17,136	 12,856	 11,737		768 (1)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	54,145	\$	63,676	\$	62,617	\$	62,793	\$	65,397	\$ 65,489	\$ 65,769	\$ 66,530	\$ 66,365	\$	58,754
Business-type activities																
Net investment in capital assets	\$	11,763	\$	12,679	\$	12,692	\$	13,039	\$	15,839	\$ 17,973	\$ 20,937	\$ 20,729	\$ 21,541	\$	21,426
Restricted		2,612		2,735		2,814		2,549		1,730	461	507	468	482		567
Unrestricted		9,555		8,721		5,135		3,369		3,264	 3,227	 4,213	 6,472	 7,873		9,112
Total business-type activities net position	\$	23,930	\$	24,135	\$	20,641	\$	18,957	\$	20,833	\$ 21,661	\$ 25,657	\$ 27,669	\$ 29,896	\$	31,105
Primary government																
Net investment in capital assets	\$	41,164	\$	50,209	\$	52,063	\$	53,740	\$	58,658	\$ 61,934	\$ 61,265	\$ 65,440	\$ 67,367	\$	67,076
Restricted		13,690		11,449		11,592		10,847		9,959	8,748	8,812	9,431	9,284		12,903
Unrestricted		23,221		26,153		19,603		17,163		17,613	 16,468	 21,349	 19,328	 19,610		9,880
Total primary government net position	\$	78,075	\$	87,811	\$	83,258	\$	81,750	\$	86,230	\$ 87,150	\$ 91,426	\$ 94,199	\$ 96,261	\$	89,859

⁽¹⁾ decrease in unrestricted net position due to implementation of GASB 68 in FY2015

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

					F	Fiscal Year				
Expenses	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 7,732	\$ 8,452	\$ 6,857	\$ 5,801	\$ 5,720	\$ 5,381	\$ 5,069	\$ 4,903	\$ 5,498	\$ 5,708
Public safety	10,016	10,726	11,299	7,196	7,356	7,671	7,102	7,415	7,476	7,101
Physical environment	2,038	2,390	5,694	6,281	5,654	5,610	5,589	5,658	5,874	5,924
Culture and recreation	2,393	2,739	2,511	2,554	2,323	2,161	2,043	2,078	2,170	2,109
Interest and other fiscal charges on long-term debt	709	683	965	959	944	907	833	773	782	657
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	22,888	24,990	27,326	22,791	21,997	21,730	20,636	20,827	21,800	21,499
Business-type Activities:										
Water and Sewer	6,239	6,522	7,151	7,143	7,447	7,186	6,512	7,040	6,945	6,943
Development Services	679	860	687	436	349	333	342	369	409	501
Stormwater	831	983	1,040	1,625	916	979	976	1,155	1,150	1,162
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	\$ 7,749	\$ 8,365	\$ 8,878	\$ 9,204	\$ 8,712	\$ 8,498	\$ 7,830	\$ 8,564	\$ 8,504	\$ 8,606
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 472	\$ 376	\$ 2,008	\$ 2.006	\$ 2,378	\$ 2,075	\$ 2,021	\$ 1.838	\$ 2,058	\$ 2,218
Public safety	1,207	1,054	930	589	608	369	424	461	458	731
Physical environment	3,485	3,435	4,529	3,139	3,191	3,139	3,168	3,347	3,590	4,177
Culture and recreation	949	765	281	295	301	260	391	430	363	846
Operating grants and contributions	168	115	208	41	485	89	221	_	23	16
Capital grants and contributions	2,459	6,484	2,628	2,442	2,935	1,985	1,056	2,043	1,382	2,756
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	8,740	12,229	10,584	8,512	9,898	7,917	7,281	8,119	7,874	10,744
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water and Sewer	7,837	7,589	7,252	7,339	8,015	8,837	9,363	8,540	9,240	9,691
Development Services	2,482	923	573	269	331	339	1,100	1,099	821	2,075
Stormwater	1,149	1,070	1,074	1,063	1,051	1,068	1,117	995	1,097	871
Operating grants and contributions	69	-	-	483	-	46	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	1,329	1,176	224	14	2,885	709	2,226	2,062	1,526	1,452
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	12,866	10,758	9,123	9,168	12,282	10,999	13,806	12,696	12,684	14,089
Total Government Program Revenues	\$ 21,606	\$ 22,987	\$ 19,707	\$ 17,680	\$ 22,180	\$ 18,916	\$ 21,087	\$ 20,815	\$ 20,558	\$ 24,833

					F	Fiscal Year				
	2006	<u>2007</u>	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Net (Expense)/Revenue)										
Governmental Activities	\$ (14,148)	\$ (12,761)	\$ (16,742)	\$ (14,279)	\$ (12,099)	\$ (13,813)	\$ (13,355)	\$ (12,708)	\$ (13,926)	\$ (10,755)
Business-type Activities	5,117	2,393	245	(36)	3,570	2,501	5,976	4,132	4,180	5,483
Total Government Net Expense	\$ (9,031)	\$ (10,368)	\$ (16,497)	\$ (14,315)	\$ (8,529)	\$ (11,312)	\$ (7,379)	\$ (8,576)	\$ (9,746)	\$ (5,272)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Po	sition									
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 7,383	\$ 8,266	\$ 7,130	\$ 5,013	\$ 4,538	\$ 4,209	\$ 3,901	\$ 3,853	\$ 4,015	\$ 4,284
Utility taxes	5,751	5,841	3,976	4,106	4,536	4,169	3,963	3,923	4,035	3,887
Business tax receipts	-	-	140	70	204	119	106	109	105	120
Intergovernmental revenues - unrestricted	3,971	3,752	3,445	2,960	2,897	3,015	3,044	3,100	3,269	3,481
Investment income and miscellaneous	1,708	1,619	675	614	731	532	573	454	336	424
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	17	26
Transfers	3,352	2,813	2,189	1,691	1,796	1,862	2,047	2,070	1,985	2,064
Total Governmental Activities	22,165	22,291	17,555	14,454	14,702	13,906	13,634	13,543	13,762	14,286
Business-type Activities:										
Investment income and miscellaneous	500	625	198	42	103	189	67	88	32	108
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	(3,352)	(2,813)	(2,189)	(1,691)	(1,796)	(1,862)	(2,047)	(2,070)	(1,985)	(2,064)
Total Business-type Activities	(2,852)	(2,188)	(1,991)	(1,649)	(1,693)	(1,673)	(1,980)	(1,982)	(1,953)	(1,956)
Total Government	\$ 19,313	\$ 20,103	\$ 15,564	\$ 12,805	\$ 13,009	\$ 12,233	\$ 11,654	\$ 11,561	\$ 11,809	\$ 12,330
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$ 8,017	\$ 9,530	\$ 813	\$ 175	\$ 2,603	\$ 93	\$ 279	\$ 835	\$ (164)	\$ 3,531
Business-type Activities	2,265	205	(1,746)	(1,685)	1,877	828	3,996	2,150	2,227	3,527
Total Government	\$ 10,282	\$ 9,735	\$ (933)	\$ (1,510)	\$ 4,480	\$ 921	\$ 4,275	\$ 2,985	\$ 2,063	\$ 7,058

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

		,		Business Tax	
Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Franchise Tax 1	Utility Tax	Receipts ²	Total
2006	7,383	1,919	3,832	-	13,134
2007	8,265	1,921	3,920	-	14,106
2008	7,130	-	3,976	140	11,246
2009	5,013	-	4,106	70	9,189
2010	4,538	-	4,536	204	9,278
2011	4,209	-	4,169	119	8,497
2012	3,901	-	3,963	106	7,970
2013	3,853	-	3,923	109	7,885
2014	4,015	-	4,035	105	8,155
2015	4,284	-	3,887	120	8,291

Taxes included in Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues

Fiscal Year	Sales Tax	State Revenue Sharing	Other	Total
2006	2,701	1,123	147	3,971
2007	2,443	1,108	201	3,752
2008	2,261	1,021	163	3,445
2009	1,944	907	109	2,960
2010	1,852	893	152	2,897
2011	1,873	916	226	3,015
2012	1,918	962	164	3,044
2013	1,994	972	134	3,100
2014	2,097	1,038	134	3,269
2015	2,249	1,128	104	3,481

Note

¹ Franchise fees were classified as taxes prior to fiscal year 2008

² Business tax receipts (formerly known as Occupational licenses) were classified as licenses and permits prior to fiscal year 2008

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fisca	l Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		2012		2013		<u>2014</u>		<u> 2015</u>
General Fund															
Reserved	\$ 455	\$ 468	\$ 301	\$ 235	\$ 235										
Unreserved	 7,802	 8,631	 8,800	 8,544	 8,544										
Total General Fund	\$ 8,257	\$ 9,099	\$ 9,101	\$ 8,779	\$ 8,779										
All Other Governmental Funds															
Reserved	\$ 1,058	\$ 1,108	\$ 1,159	\$ 1,141	\$ 1,141										
Unreserved, reported in:															
Special revenue funds	6,770	6,691	6,647	6,724	6,724										
Capital projects funds	5,830	 3,553	3,852	2,854	2,854										
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 13,658	\$ 11,352	\$ 11,658	\$ 10,719	\$ 10,719										
General Fund						•	4.470	•	050	•	400	•	440	•	000
Nonspendable						\$	1,179 607	\$	650 343	\$	409 581	\$	416 433	\$	333
Assigned Unassigned							7,044		7,839		7,498		7,647		8,163
Total General Fund						\$	8,830	\$	8,832	\$	8,488	\$	8,496	\$	8,496
						<u> </u>	5,555	<u> </u>	5,552	<u> </u>		Ť	5,155	_	5,100
All Other Governmental Funds															
Restricted						\$	4,825	\$	4,470	\$	5,468	\$	5,298	\$	11,304
Committed							1,616		1,687		1,528		1,285		1,032
Assigned							4,710		5,509		5,589		5,258		5,506
Unassigned							(264)		(217)		(191)		(172)		(129)
Total All Other Governmental Funds						\$	10,887	\$	11,449	\$	12,394	\$	11,669	\$	17,713

Note: City implemented GASB 54 for the 2011 fiscal year

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

							Fisca	l Yea	ar					
	2006	2007		2008		2009	2010		2011	2012	2013		2014	2015
Revenues														
Taxes														
Property	\$ 7,384	\$ 8,266	\$	6,912	\$	4,799	\$ 4,345	\$	4,030	\$ 3,733	\$ 3,686	\$	3,841	\$ 4,098
Franchise	1,918	1,921		-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Utility	3,832	3,920		3,976		4,106	4,536		4,169	3,963	3,923		4,035	3,887
Special Assessments	552	-		-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
General Obligation	220	212		218		214	193		179	168	167		174	186
Business Tax	-	-		140		71	204		119	105	109		106	120
Other	-	-		-		-	-		-					
Licenses and Permits														
Franchise Fees	-	-		1,788		1,924	2,313		1,999	1,868	1,672		1,953	2,024
Other	2,221	217		157		67	38		44	63	75		40	47
Intergovernmental	5,369	7,380		7,111		4,707	5,628		5,447	3,948	4,684		4,059	8,727
Charges for Services	3,093	3,536		3,441		2,955	2,929		2,922	2,979	2,858		3,071	3,231
Fines and Forfeitures	320	326		318		298	566		289	211	165		281	168
Impact Fees/Assessments	-	1,403	2	2,131	2	875	721		685	1,000	1,380		1,247	2,627
Investment Income	1,218	1,477		521		214	439		308	280	195		139	226
Miscellaneous	 546	 170		175		399	292		224	293	328		219	225
Total revenues	 26,673	 28,828		26,888		20,629	 22,204		20,415	 18,611	 19,242		19,165	 25,566
Expenditures														
General Government	5,035	5,780		6,046		5,804	5,401		5,441	4,842	4,995		5,012	5,051
Public Safety	9,164	10,199		10,671		6,834	6,890		7,156	6,584	6,918		6,987	7,151
Physical Environment ¹	3,360	4,060		4,266		4,694	4,015		3,939	3,873	3,927		4,128	4,225
Culture and Recreation	1,978	2,002		2,163		2,112	1,878		1,737	1,644	1,702		1,787	1,784
Capital Outlay	4,521	9,801		4,740		2,787	2,738		2,681	1,814	1,834		1,925	2,571
Debt Service														
Principal	1,153	911		967		1,091	1,996		2,387	5,342	1,007		5,101	610
Interest	700	693		665		640	594		584	485	373		424	192
Payments to escrow agent	-	-		-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Other charges	17	-		-		-	-		15	-	-		-	-
Total expenditures	25,928	 33,446	_	29,518		23,962	23,512		23,940	24,584	20,756	_	25,364	21,584
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)														
expenditures	745	(4,618)		(2,630)		(3,333)	(1,308)		(3,525)	(5,973)	(1,514)		(6,199)	3,982

Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers In	9,999	10,209	10,620	8,372	9,616	3,836	3,911	3,422	3,642	7,043
Transfers Out	(6,647)	(7,396)	(8,432)	(6,680)	(7,811)	(1,965)	(1,879)	(1,350)	(1,653)	(4,977)
Notes Issued	430	-	750	-	-	1,377	4,504	-	3,494	-
Capital Leases	100	341	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Capital Assets		-						40		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,882	3,154	2,938	1,692	1,805	3,248	6,536	2,112	5,483	2,066
Prior Period Fund Balance Adjustment	-	-	-	380	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 4,627	\$ (1,464)	\$ 308	\$ (1,261)	\$ 497	\$ (277)	\$ 563	\$ 598	\$ (716)	\$ 6,048
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital expenditures	9.48%	7.28%	6.59%	8.21%	14.24%	13.98%	25.60%	7.29%	23.57%	4.22%

Note

² Impact Fees classified as Intergovernmental Revenue prior to fiscal year 2007.

³ Special Assessments classified as Taxes prior to fiscal year 2007.

⁴ Franchise fees were classified as Taxes prior to fiscal year 2008

⁵ Business Tax receipts (formerly known as Occupational Licenses) were classified as Licenses and permits prior to fiscal year 2008

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Real P	roperty		_					
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Total Residential and Commercial Real Property ¹	Residential Property ¹	% Residential	Commercial Property ¹	Personal Property ¹	Centrally Assessed ¹	Tax Exempt Real Property 1	Total Taxable Assessed Value 1	Total Direct Tax Rate ²	Estimated Actual Taxable Value 1
2006	2,331,039	2,088,308	89.59%	242,731	58,571	33	728,569	1,661,074	4.7500	2,458,480
2007	3,131,636	2,792,826	89.18%	338,810	67,509	33	1,195,372	2,003,806	4.4019	3,176,939
2008	3,519,584	3,161,336	89.82%	358,248	63,154	40	1,362,256	2,220,522	3.3518	3,716,575
2009	3,238,332	2,847,791	87.94%	390,541	63,531	41	1,292,735	2,009,169	2.5814	3,400,519
2010	2,695,560	2,353,321	87.30%	342,239	67,145	42	952,939	1,809,808	2.5814	2,804,819
2011	2,399,728	2,099,825	87.50%	299,903	66,659	43	778,996	1,687,434	2.5814	2,577,252
2012	2,174,531	1,890,388	86.93%	284,143	68,075	47	648,788	1,593,865	2.5600	2,251,660
2013	2,086,990	1,826,517	87.52%	260,473	67,121	47	581,857	1,572,301	2.5400	2,173,721
2014	2,199,733	1,931,766	87.82%	267,967	65,664	50	625,780	1,639,667	2.5400	2,330,707
2015	2,442,043	2,162,934	88.57%	279,109	66,887	52	760,723	1,748,259	2.5400	2,649,400

Note

¹ Source: Seminole County Property Appraiser (www.scpafl.org)

² Source: Seminole County Tax Collector (www.seminoletax.org)

PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING¹ GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Fiscal Years ²

Overlapping Rates 1

	Winter Springs Seminole County						;	School District		St. John's Water		
Fiscal Year	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total City Millage	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total County Millage	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total School Millage	Manage- ment District	County Fire Protection (MSTU)	Total Direct & Overlap- ping Rates
2006	4.6126	0.1374	4.7500	4.9989	0.2041	5.2030	7.9650	0.0000	7.9650	0.4620	0.0000	18.3800
2007	4.2919	0.1100	4.4019	4.9989	0.1451	5.1440	7.7530	0.0000	7.7530	0.4620	0.0000	17.7609
2008 ³	3.2496	0.1022	3.3518	4.3578	0.1451	4.5029	7.4130	0.0000	7.4130	0.4158	0.0000	15.6835
2009	2.4714	0.1100	2.5814	4.5153	0.1451	4.6604	7.5430	0.0000	7.5430	0.4158	2.3299	17.5305
2010	2.4714	0.1100	2.5814	4.9000	0.1451	5.0451	7.7230	0.0000	7.7230	0.4158	2.3299	18.0952
2011	2.4714	0.1100	2.5814	4.8751	0.1700	5.0451	7.8010	0.0000	7.8010	0.4158	2.3299	18.1732
2012	2.4500	0.1100	2.5600	4.8751	0.1700	5.0451	7.7220	0.0000	7.7220	0.3313	2.3299	17.9883
2013	2.4300	0.1100	2.5400	4.8751	0.1700	5.0451	7.5530	0.0000	7.5530	0.3313	2.3299	17.7993
2014	2.4300	0.1100	2.5400	4.8751	0.0000	4.8751	7.3610	1.0000	8.3610	0.3283	2.3299	18.4343
2015	2.4300	0.1100	2.5400	4.8751	0.0000	4.8751	7.1970	0.7000	7.8970	0.3164	2.3299	17.9584

Note

Source: Seminole County Tax Collector (www.seminoletax.org)

¹ Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Winter Springs.

² Taxes levied for the fiscal year are based on the prior year taxable value.

³ Fire Assessment fee was billed and City Millage rate was reduced for first year (only one year of fire assessment).

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Cap/Maint		Cap/Maint				Capital Only		Cap/Maint		
Tax Year	Fiscal Year	Oak Forest Assessments			Tuscawilla Lighting and Beautification (TLBD) - Phase I Assessments			J	hting and Beautifi nase II Assessmer	, ,	Tuscawilla III Assessments		
		Billed	Collected ¹	Difference	Billed ²	Collected ¹	Difference	Billed	Collected ¹	Difference	Billed	Collected ¹	Difference
2005	2006	99,595	95,977	3,618	390,204	377,175	13,029	-	94,522	(94,522)	-	-	-
2006	2007	99,595	96,117	3,478	390,017	376,343	13,674	248,710	240,475	8,235	-	-	-
2007	2008	116,075	112,355	3,720	714,414	693,075	21,339	42,341	40,959	1,382	-	-	-
2008	2009	116,237	112,228	4,009	714,371	690,915	23,456	42,324	41,236	1,088	-	-	-
2009	2010	116,237	112,312	3,925	688,482	665,066	23,416	42,280	40,904	1,376	-	-	-
2010	2011	116,237	112,116	4,121	688,227	664,815	23,412	42,279	40,869	1,410	-	-	-
2011	2012	116,237	112,095	4,142	688,482	655,504	32,978	42,280	40,381	1,899	-	-	-
2012	2013	116,237	112,019	4,218	688,482	664,035	24,447	42,280	40,670	1,610	-	-	-
2013	2014	116,237	111,963	4,274	701,658	675,955	25,703	42,280	40,784	1,496	12,753	12,279	474
2014	2015	112,351	108,253	4,098	673,320	648,971	24,349	27,357	26,380	977	12,668	12,219	449

Note

Special Assessment Debt Issued:

Oak Forest June 2000 (Refinanced internally June of 2010)
TLBD Phase I May 2001 (Refinanced October of 2011)

TLBD Phase II February 2006; No assessment levied until Fiscal Year 2007.

Tuscawilla III Financed internally

¹ Includes prepayments.

Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the TLBD Phase I and II maintenance assessment were combined and collected as one assessment. TLBD Maintenance and Phase I Capital are shown in the TLBD Phase I program amounts.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

September 30, 2015

(amounts expressed in thousands)

			2015	2006				
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Laurel Oaks LLC	\$	26,487	1	1.52%	\$	27,077	1	1.63%
Duke Energy (formerly Progress Energy)		24,788	2	1.42%		20,149	2	1.21%
Courtney Springs LLC		21,027	3	1.20%		14,660	3	0.88%
United Dominion Realty Trust		8,675	4	0.50%		8,236	5	0.50%
Summer Falls LLC		8,002	5	0.46%		-	-	0.00%
Bright House Networks LLC		6,447	6	0.37%		3,572	10	0.22%
Moss Park		5,571	7	0.32%		-	-	0.00%
Winter Springs Holdings, Inc		4,762	8	0.27%		-	-	0.00%
Baxley Robert & Annmarie TRS		4,333	9	0.25%		-	-	0.00%
Seminole Pines Assoc LTD		4,332	10	0.25%		-	-	0.00%
Capital Green I LLC		=	-	0.00%		14,496	4	0.87%
Hacienda Village Co-Op Inc.		=	-	0.00%		4,974	6	0.30%
LTO Kays Spring LLC		=	-	0.00%		4,346	7	0.26%
Metro Chruch of Christ Inc.		=	-	0.00%		4,107	8	0.25%
Bell South Communication		-	-	0.00%		3,609	9	0.22%
Totals	\$	114,424		6.56%	\$	105,226		6.34%

Source: Seminole County Property Appraiser (www.scpafl.org)

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the Fiscal Year of the

	_	Le	vy	_	Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year ¹	Amount ²	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2006	7,890,100 ³	7,591,158	96.21%	12,189	7,603,347	96.37%		
2007	8,820,491 3	8,475,408	96.09%	2,214	8,477,622	96.11%		
2008	7,442,693 ³	7,145,070	96.00%	11,318	7,156,388	96.15%		
2009	5,186,450 ³	5,028,524	96.96%	14,586	5,043,110	97.24%		
2010	4,671,821 ³	4,503,950	96.41%	34,324	4,538,274	97.14%		
2011	4,355,923	4,203,079	96.49%	6,242	4,209,321	96.63%		
2012	4,080,271	3,933,840	96.41%	3,969	3,937,809	96.51%		
2013	3,993,624	3,850,616	96.42%	2,196	3,852,812	96.47%		
2014	4,164,738	4,014,098	96.38%	582	4,014,680	96.40%		
2015	4,440,561	4,281,737	96.42%	2,392	4,284,129	96.48%		

Note

Gross taxes before discount of 1% - 4%, depending on month paid; Source: Seminole County Property Appraiser (www.scpafl.org)

² Source: Seminole County Tax Collector (www.seminoletax.org)

³ Includes voted debt service not to exceed 0.2500 mills for Central Winds General Obligation Debt

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

September 30, 2015

Neither the City of Winter Springs Charter or Code, nor the Florida State Statutes limits the amount of debt the City of Winter Springs can issue.

RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION - DEBT OBLIGATION DEBT PER CAPITA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Ratio of Net		
						Gen Obligation		
			Gross		Net	Debt to	Gen Obligation	
Fiscal		Assessed		Less Debt	Gen Obligation	Assessed	Debt per	
Year	Population ¹	Value ²	Value ² Debt ³		Debt	Value	Capita	
2006	34,621	1,661,074,000	3,140,000	51,743	3,088,257	0.186%	89	
2007	34,899	2,003,805,968	3,070,000	47,572	3,022,428	0.151%	87	
2008	34,639	2,220,522,082	3,000,000	46,254	2,953,746	0.133%	85	
2009	34,340	2,009,169,114	2,925,000	36,610	2,888,390	0.144%	84	
2010	34,149	1,809,808,024	2,850,000	38,879	2,811,121	0.155%	82	
2011	33,282	1,687,434,206	2,770,000	40,388	2,729,612	0.162%	82	
2012	33,599	1,593,864,153	2,739,107	50,549	2,688,558	0.169%	80	
2013	33,540	1,572,300,619	2,638,521	42,070	2,596,451	0.165%	77	
2014	33,871	1,639,667,121	2,533,833	25,305	2,508,528	0.153%	74	
2015	34,901	1,748,258,752	2,425,161	1,167,015	1,258,146	0.072%	36	

Note

¹ Source: American Fact Finder; US Census; previous statistics from multiple sources

² Source: Seminole County Property Appraiser (www.scpafl.org)

³ Amount does not include special assessment bonds and revenue bonds

⁴ Amount available for repayment of limited general obligation note which in fiscal year 2012 served to refinance the 2002 general obligation bonds.

RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

		G	Business-Type Activities											
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Revenue Bonds	Refunding Revenue Bonds ²	Limited General Obligation Bonds	Special Assessment Revenue Bonds	Refunding Notes	Limited General Obligation Notes	Capital Leases	Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds	Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds ²	State Revolving Loan	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ¹	Per Capita ¹
2006	479	14,504	3,140	2,427	-	-	100	-	23,724	-	-	44,374	4.53%	\$1,282
2007	439	13,884	3,070	2,354	-	-	333	-	22,829	-	-	42,909	4.42%	\$1,230
2008	1,125	13,234	3,000	2,276	-	-	228	-	21,884	-	-	41,747	4.06%	\$1,205
2009	1,011	12,554	2,925	2,165	-	-	117	-	20,904	-	-	39,676	3.77%	\$1,155
2010	-	11,834	2,850	2,091	-	-	-	-	19,889	-	-	36,664	3.50%	\$1,074
2011	-	9,614	2,770	2,005	1,377	-	-	5,669	13,066	-	-	34,501	2.97%	\$1,037
2012	-	8,929	-	-	3,260	2,739	-	5,669	12,152	-	-	32,749	2.77%	\$975
2013	-	8,229	-	-	3,054	2,639	-	5,669	10,897	2,853	-	33,341	3.02%	\$994
2014	-	3,499	-	-	6,282	2,534	-	5,669	9,601	1,635	-	29,220	2.69%	\$863
2015	-	3,499	-	-	5,781	2,425	-	5,669	8,266	1,568	-	27,208	2.49%	\$780

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the Financial Statements: Note 9: Long-Term Debt.

Information is not available.

¹ See Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population.

² Amounts do not include accreted Interest Payable for 1999 Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds and 2000 Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

As of September 30, 2015

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable ¹	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Overlapping Debt:			
Seminole County General Obligation Debt	\$ -		\$ -
Subtotal, overlapping debt			
Direct Debt:			
Series 1999 Improvement Revenue Bonds	3,498,970	100%	3,498,970
Accreted Interest	4,886,871	100%	4,886,871
City of Winter Springs General Obligation Debt ²	2,425,161	100%	2,425,161
City of Winter Sprints Capital Improvement Notes	5,780,658	100%	5,780,658
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 16,591,660		\$ 16,591,660

Note

Sources:

Seminole County Property Appraiser (www.scpafl.org)

Seminole County Finance Department

Seminole County School Board

¹ Ratio of assessed valuation of taxable property in overlapping unit to that within the City of Winter Springs.

² The City of Winter Springs has a "limited" general obligation note that is being repaid through a levy not to exceed one quarter of one mill on all taxable property in the City.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General Government												
Fiscal Year Ended Sept 30,	Public Service Taxes	Electric Franchise Fees	Half-Cent Sales Tax	General Obligation	Federal Emergency Management Agency Public Assistance Grants	Impact Fees (Fire, Police, Recreation and Public Facilities)	Non-Ad Valorem Special Assessments	Medical Transport Revenue	Budget & Appropriations (General Fund and Water & Sewer Fund)	Total Revenue Available for Debt Service	Maximum Annual Debt Service	Coverage	
2006	3,831,569	1,775,460	160,000	219,736	-	518,072	567,674	-	-	7,072,511	2,038,741	3.47	
2007	3,919,603	1,759,245	160,000	212,077	-	-	712,935	-	30,000	6,793,863	1,751,594	3.88	
2008	3,975,766	1,748,477	160,000	217,872	-	-	846,389	-	60,000	7,008,504	1,828,176	3.83	
2009	4,105,959	1,823,706	160,000	213,629	-	-	844,379	-	60,000	7,207,673	2,615,188	2.76	
2010	4,536,004	2,173,849	160,000	193,396	-	-	180,254	-	-	7,243,503	1,961,933	3.69	
2011	4,168,867	1,873,785	160,000	179,408	-	-	180,787	-	-	6,562,847	1,912,847	3.43	
2012	3,963,093	1,748,214	- 5	167,640	-	-	185,336	-	-	6,064,283	1,669,984	3.63	
2013	3,923,336	1,541,741	- 5	166,863	-	-	119,299	-	-	5,751,239	1,669,984	3.44	
2014	4,034,667	1,816,567	- 5	173,876	-	-	165,152	-	-	6,190,262	1,838,498	3.37	
2015	3,887,124	1,941,840	5	185,527	-	-	162,442	-	-	6,176,933	1,838,498	3.36	

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE - CONTINUED

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water Revenue Bonds													
					Debt Service F	Requirements							
Fiscal Year Ended Sept 30,	Gross Revenues 1	Operating Expenses ²	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage						
2006	8,257,218	4,888,390	3,368,828	870,000	980,427	1,850,427	1.82						
2007	8,084,483	5,163,896	2,920,587	895,000	944,302	1,839,302	1.59						
2008	7,415,100	5,365,172	2,049,928	945,000	909,661	1,854,661	1.11						
2009	7,376,924	5,298,633	2,078,291	980,000	871,309	1,851,309	1.12						
2010	8,104,632	5,868,044	2,236,588	1,035,000	869,614	1,904,614	1.17						
2011	8,896,172	5,769,194	3,126,978	945,000	749,320	1,694,320	1.85						
2012	9,833,455	5,331,369	4,502,086	913,470	487,292	1,400,762	3.21						
2013	9,014,167	5,420,125	3,594,042	1,255,278	448,890	1,704,168	2.11						
2014	9,534,771	5,488,225	4,046,546	1,296,376	409,422	1,705,798	2.37						
2015	11,189,753	5,493,666	5,696,087	1,401,786	412,670	1,814,456	3.14						

Note

Gross revenue is computed per bond resolution requirements, and is equivalent to revenue recognized under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Revenues include investment income and other income

² "Direct operating expense" is computed per bond resolution requirements, and is equal to expenses recognized under GAAP (less interest, depreciation, and amortization expense) losses on disposal of fixed assets, and non-recurring transfers out.

Data has been restated

Excludes principal paid on refunding

²⁰⁰¹ TLBD debt was refunded, revenue no longer pledged for outstanding debt

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Personal Income (amounts	Des Conits Descend	Madian	Education Level in Years of	Cabaal	Ha sasala
Fiscal Year	Population ¹	expressed in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income ¹	Median Age ¹	Formal Schooling ¹	School Enrollment ²	Unemploy- ment Rate ³
2006	34,621	979,428	28,290	39.3	13.97	7,342	3.2%
2007	34,899	971,623	27,841	39.8	13.93	7,115	3.6%
2008	34,639	1,028,951	29,705	40	13.72	6,804	5.0%
2009	34,340	1,053,173	30,669	40.3	13.72	6,754	9.7%
2010	34,149	1,047,589	30,677	41	13.82	6,454	11.8%
2011	33,282	1,161,675	34,904	39.3	14.71	6,316	9.5%
2012	33,599	1,183,558	35,226	36	13.81	6,341	6.8%
2013	33,540	1,104,540	32,932	41.8	*	6,496	5.4%
2014	33,871	1,084,989	32,033	39	*	6,461	5.4%
2015	34,901	1,090,935	31,258	40.2	14	6,072	5.0%

^{*} Data not available

Source: American Fact Finder; US Census; previous statistics from multiple sources

² Source: American Fact Finder; Seminole County Public Schools

³ Source: Bureau of Economic and Business Research (BEBR)

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2015 ¹				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment ²	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Seminole County School Board	1,387	1	20.38%	1601	1	30.79%
City of Winter Springs	223	2	3.28%	296	2	5.69%
Dearborn Electronics	150	3	2.20%	*	*	*
Publix (Winter Springs Town Center)	150	4	2.20%	136	3	2.62%
Modern Plumbing	110	5	1.62%	107	4	2.06%
Tuscawilla Country Club	59	6	0.87%	90	5	1.73%
United States Post Office	44	7	0.65%	*	*	*
Longwood Kia / Mitsubishi	41	8	0.60%	*	*	*
McDonald's	40	9	0.59%	37	6	0.71%
Dittmer Architectural Aluminum	30	10	0.44%	*	*	*
Total	2,234		32.83%			

^{*} Data Not Available

¹ Per telephone survey of major local businesses and/or e-mail correspondence

² Per Metro Orlando Economic Development Commission (www.orlandoedc.com), the City of Winter Springs has an estimated daytime working population of 6,805.

BUDGETED FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30,

				-		-	-			
Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Development Services	10	10	10	5	5	4	4.46	5.46	5.46	5.46
General Government	44	44	44	45	42	41	36.79	37.23	36.67	36.38
Public Safety:										
Police										
Sworn Officers	70	70	70	70	70	70	65	65	65	65
Civilians 1	20.75	20.75	20.75	20.75	20.75	20.75	18.45	16.45	16.88	17.13
Fire ²										
Firefighters and officers	51	51	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Civilians	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public Works	21	21	21	21	20.73	18.73	18	16	16	16
Culture and Recreation	33.67	35.78	36.63	34.07	31.86	29.10	25.68	24.07	24.06	21.84
Utilities	42	43	45	45	45	42	37	35	35.73	36.17
Stormwater	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Total	303.42	306.53	309.38	249.82	244.34	234.58	214.38	208.21	208.8	206.98
Part-time FTEs	12.42	14.53	15.38	16.33	16.34	17.58	18.38	22.36	21.95	20.98

^{*} Data not available

Police civilians include emergency communications center operations personnel.

Municipal Fire Department was consolidated with Seminole County Fire Department on 10/02/08.

City of Winter Springs, Florida

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Function										
Police										
Auto accidents	530	444	546	404	345	277	327	396	423	399
Physical arrests	1,633	1,582	1,708	1,928	1,347	1,401	1,098	1,141	1,106	1,456
Criminal investigations conducted	551	291	357	464	441	544	374	386	522	408
Total calls for service	107,074	125,789	142,202	133,527	131,587	125,392	116,773	143,763	152,357	111,943
911 calls received	5,174	5,781	5,248	4,937	3,654	3,720	3,665	3,771	3,691	3,573
Evidence processed (pieces)	2,436	1,820	1,721	2,221	1,730	2,215	2,160	1,900	2,327	2,240
Fire ¹										
Public education programs	53	118	56	N/A						
Number of emergency calls answered	3,261	3,338	3,345	N/A						
Medical transports	1,159	1,284	1,300	N/A						
Highways and Streets										
Streets paved (miles)	0.00	0.57	0.00	0.00	2.00	3.38	1.76	2.04	0.98	3.57
Streets resurfaced (square yards)	23,925	35,537	72,400	43,018	36,927	47,622	41,850	39,958	39,958	46,114
Sidewalks/bike paths built or repaired (feet)	4,159	22,112	5,134	4,486	3,980	5,575	4,677	5,622	5,122	4,329
Culture and Recreation										
Games - Baseball/Softball	1,643	1,565	1,468	1,521	1,075	1,259	1,104	998	978	842
Games - Basketball	644	606	599	371	458	606	683	689	738	608
Games - Football	285	298	271	222	222	271	257	209	256	103
Games - Soccer	1,010	905	970	1,005	816	856	880	650	1,140	1,176
Senior Activities	1,651	1,154	898	1,108	1,071	1,162	1,246	1,523	1,102	1,363
Civic Center & Pavilion Rentals	319	379	379	362	430	383	428	429	438	463
Program Events	310	221	205	240	275	340	307	241	167	79

Water										
New connections	279	179	19	13	3	24	100	180	112	176
Number of customers	12,444	12,514	12,706	12,802	12,749	12,806	12,847	13,254	14,217	14,393
Water main breaks	16	13	13	21	12	10	16	18	9	4
Average daily consumption (gallons/per capita)	126	125	115	110	106	114	109	106	98	103
Meter reads	*	171,167	174,604	175,478	171,976	176,001	176,531	177,752	181,145	183,256
Community Development										
Total permits issued	2,805	2,405	2,741	2,808	3,105	3,132	3,243	2,564	3,466	2,923
Building inspections	15,574	9,473	7,278	4,931	4,832	6,032	8,108	9,540	5,921	8,189
Business tax receipts issued	*	1,944	1,135	942	1,275	1,384	1,470	891	968	1,007
Land use amendments & rezonings	4	23	5	9	2	-	-	7	11	13
Permits files created/reviews initiated	*	2,545	3,349	3,408	3,754	2,190	2,427	3,764	3,869	3,201
General Government										
Personnel actions processed	332	637	500	609	166	227	375	106	309	182
Worker's Comp Injuries	37	52	51	30	41	44	33	44	32	30
Legal notices published	*	38	41	22	28	16	18	21	40	40
Payroll - Checks	275	312	337	220	242	229	210	380	499	425
Payroll - Direct Deposit	7,524	7,592	7,557	6,210	5,927	5,942	5,767	5,821	6,858	6,468
Receipts deposited	192,439	185,716	202,307	186,401	189,977	153,687	153,762	266,563	266,630	247,363
A/P checks issued	7,914	7,460	7,014	8,829	6,348	6,111	5,651	6,936	5,285	5,442
Purchase orders/EPO's processed	5,412	5,205	4,772	3,930	3,667	3,160	2,720	2,787	2,968	3,262

Source: Summary of Departmental Reports

^{*} Information not available

¹ Department was consolidated with Seminole County Fire Department effective 10/02/08

City of Winter Springs, Florida

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Function										
Public Safety										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
Fleet	75	75	75	79	78	91	83	82	85	82
Fire stations ¹	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
Highways and Streets										
Streets - paved (miles)	94.11	95.32	95.32	95.32	97.32	100.70	99.63	101.16	102.69	102.69
Streets - unpaved (miles)	7.16	6.40	6.40	6.40	4.40	1.02	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51
Street lights	2,095	2,158	2,158	2,300	2,300	2,311	2,431	2,471	2,616	3,404
Traffic signals	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Culture and Recreation										
Park acreage	267.70	267.70	267.70	267.70	267.70	267.70	267.70	267.70	266.70	266.70
Parks - Community	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Parks - Neighborhood	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6
Senior Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water mains (miles)	160.4	161.7	167.6	167.6	167.6	167.8	169.1	171	173.0	173.1
Fire hydrants	975	995	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,002	1,019	1,037	1,055	1,057
Maximum daily capacity (millions of gallons)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Deep Wells	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Sewer										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	108.30	108.90	135.50	111.57	111.57	111.6	112.8	114.30	115.75	115.75
Storm sewers (miles)	91.01	91.56	91.56	91.56	91.56	91.59	92.78	94.27	95.76	95.76
Treatment facility capacity (millions of gallons)	4.212	4.212	4.212	4.212	4.212	4.212	42.120	4.212	4.212	4.212
Current average flow (millions of gallons)	2.243	2.209	2.198	2.142	2.100	1.866	2.043	2.358	2.067	2.097

Information not available

¹ Seminole County is leasing stations per Consolidation Agreement





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Winter Springs, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United states of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Winter Springs, Florida*, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the *City of Winter Springs*, *Florida*'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of *City of Winter Springs*' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

MCDIRMIT DAVIS & COMPANY, LLC
934 N. MAGNOLIA AVENUE, SUITE 100 ORLANDO, FLORIDA 32803

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether *City of Winter Springs'* financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The result of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance, or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDismit Davis & Company, LLC



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Winter Springs, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the *City of Winter Springs's* (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2015.

MCDIRMIT DAVIS & COMPANY, LLC

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDismit Davis & Company LLC

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended September 30, 2015

Award type

Pass-through grantor	CFDA	Agency or Pass-through	
Grantor program title	Number	Entity Grant Number	Expenditures
Federal Grants			
United States Department of Justice			
passed through State of Florida, Department of Law Enforcement			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program	16.738	2015-JAGC-SEMI-1-R3-189	16,430
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program	16.738	2015-JAGD-SEMI-1-R1-039	2,804
United States Department of Homeland Security			
passed through State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management			
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	14-DS-L5-06-69-02-S10	83,780
United States Department of Transportation			
passed through State of Florida, Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program) *	20.205	FPN 432642-2-58/68 01	793,923
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program) *	20.205	FPN 432642-2-38-01	75,837
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program) *	20.205	FPN 432642-1-38-01	38,958
Total federal awards			\$ 1,011,732

^{*} Denotes a major program

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Winter Springs (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, amounts reported on the Schedule are based on expenditures incurred as of September 30, 2015, even if grant or loan was received subsequent to that date. Federal expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

<u>SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS</u>

Year Ended September 30, 2015

Part A - Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the City of Winter Springs (the City).
- No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the City, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal programs are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. The program cluster tested as a major program included: Department of Transportation, Highway Planning and Construction (CFDA 20.205).
- 7. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 8. The City did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Part B - Findings - Financial Statement Audit:

None

Part C - Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs:

None



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Winter Springs, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the *City of Winter Springs*, *Florida*, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2016.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations;* and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance, and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 16, 2016, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i.)1., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no such findings in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been disclosed in the noted to the financial statements.

Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the *City of Winter Springs, Florida* has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statues, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the *City of Winter Springs, Florida* did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statues.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the *City of Winter Springs, Florida*'s financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Annual Financial Report

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report for the *City of Winter Springs, Florida* for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statues, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, City Commission and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McDismit Davis & Company LLC



Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Winter Springs, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of City of Winter Springs as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2016. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter dated August 25, 2015, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express an opinion(s) about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of City of Winter Springs solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, our firm, have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by City of Winter Springs is included in Note 1 to the financial statements. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year, City of Winter Springs changed accounting policies related to the adoption of Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Accordingly, the cumulate effect of the accounting change as of the beginning of the year has been reported in the Statement of Activities. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

The most sensitive accounting estimates affecting the financial statements are:

Management's estimate for the allowance for doubtful accounts is based on historical loss levels, and an analysis of the individual accounts. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the allowance in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimation for the allowance for depreciation is based on the estimated useful lives of the capital assets. We evaluated the reasonableness of the useful lives as well as the depreciation methods in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting City of Winter Springs's financial statements relate to the prior period adjustments for the implementation of new GASBs.

Significant Difficulties Encountered During the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to City of Winter Springs's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management, which are included in the attached letter dated March 16, 2016.

Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with City of Winter Springs , we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the entity, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as City of Winter Springs's auditors

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the City Council and the Auditor General of the State of Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

McDismit Davis & Company LLC



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

The Honorable Mayor and City Commission City of Winter Springs, Florida

We have examined City of Winter Springs's (the City) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2015. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, City of Winter Springs complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

McDismit Davis & Company LLC



1126 EAST STATE ROAD 434 WINTER SPRINGS, FLORIDA 32708-2799 Telephone (407) 327-1800

February 17, 2016

AFFIDAVIT OF IMPACT FEE COMPLIANCE

Impact Fees are assessed in accordance with Chapter 9: Land Development, Article VIII Impact Fees, of the City of Winter Springs Code of Ordinances. Impact fee collections, expenditures and accounting are provided for in separate accounting funds and comply with Florida Statue 163.31801.

Shawn Boyle

Finance and Administrative Services Director

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF SEMINOLE

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 18 day of February 20/4, by

Shawn Boyle

CASEY CARMAN

Notary Public - State of Florida
Commission of Ff 215744

My Comm. Expires Mar 31, 2019
Bonded through National Natary Asen.

(Name of Notary Typed, Printed, or Stamped)

Personally Known OR Produced Identification